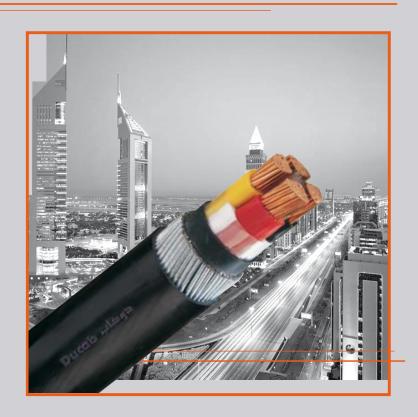
Ducab جائے

كابلات الجمد المنخفض XLPE Insulated Low Voltage Cables



حلول متقدمة للكابلات من خلال التقنية والابداع Advanced Cable Solutions Through Technology and Innovation

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Ducab is listed in the following publication issued by the Department of Trade and Industry of the United Kingdom.

"THE DTI QA REGISTER - PRODUCTS AND SERVICES LIST"

Only those companies whose quality system is assessed and certified by U.K. accredited certification bodies appear in the above publication.

INTRODUCTION

Ducab - Dubai Cable Company (Pvt) Ltd , is the leading manufacturer of electric cables in the Middle East Established in 1979, the company is owned by the Governments of Dubai and Abu Dhabi. Ducab is based in Jebel Ali, but to meet the continuing demand and keep pace with the steady growth of the region, Ducab completed a second factory in Abu Dhabi in 2005. This state of the art facility doubles the production capacity enabling Ducab to better service its customers.

This catalogue provides working information on Ducab's complete range of XLPE Power Cables rated up to 3.3 kV and also includes data on components. Separate catalogues are available for Ducab's range of Wiring Cables, Low Voltage Control and Auxilary Cables, Lead Sheathed Cables, **Ducabsmokemaster** - LSF Wires and Cables, **Ducabpowerplus** Medium Voltage Cables for Oil, Gas and Petrochemical Industries and Drum Handling & Installation of Cables.

Due to the wide range of cables in the catalogue, it is advisable, when ordering, to provide as much information as possible. Please use the following table as a guide:

ORDERING ADVICE

The following details will ensure that your enquiries and orders are dealt with quickly and efficiently:

- 1. Length of cables required and individual drum lengths.*
- 2. Voltage designation.
- Relevant British or International Standard.
- Number of cores.
- 5. Conductor size and, where applicable, size of reduced neutral conductor.
- 6. Conductor material i.e. copper, aluminium.
- 7. Type of insulation.
- Type of bedding.
- Type of armour.
- 10. Type of outer sheath.
- 11. Any other special requirement, e.g. circular conductors, special PVC sheath material, drum weight limitation, etc.
- * Cables are normally supplied in lengths of 300 metres, 500 metres and 1000 metres depending on conductor size. Other lengths can be supplied if required.

TECHNICAL ADVISORY SERVICE

Specialist advice and assistance on all matters concerning PVC and XLPE insulated power cablesis available from Technical Department, Dubai Cable Company (Private) Limited, P. O. Box 11529, Dubai, U. A. E., Tel: 971-4-8082500, Fax: 971-4-8082511.

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CUSTOMER SERVICE

Ducab is the premier cable manufacturer in the United Arab Emirates and, since 1979, has been meeting the requirements of customers throughout the Middle and Far East. Ducab's cables are used by some of the most demanding utilities in the world, for the following reasons:

PRODUCT QUALITY

Ducab is committed to supplying its customers with the highest quality of product and of service. Ducab's Power cables have been type approved by Lloyd's Register of the UK and have undergone rigorous type testing by BASEC (British



Approvals Service for Cables). They fully conform to BS 6004 and BS 5467 specifications for PVC and XLPE insulated cables respectively, for electricity supply, up to and including 3.3kV ratings.

In addition, Ducab was presented with the Dubai Quality Award 1994, for the best local industrial company of the year. Four years later, Ducab was presented with the Dubai Quality Award '98 Gold Category. The Gold Award rewards the most distinguished companies which are judged to be world class.

RELIABILITY

Specifying the right cable for a particular application is the first step. The key to reliability however, is in the manufacturing process. The cable must be free from material and manufacturing defects, and weaknesses that will be revealed in service.

Ducab constantly monitors its manufacturing processes and operates stringent quality assurance procedures to give long term reliability. This is of vital significance where cables are to be installed in locations where future access would be difficult and this is where Ducab's reputation and the resources give peace of mind.

PERFORMANCE

Optimum cable performance can be provided only by a company such as Ducab, with access to the latest developments in materials technology. In addition, Ducab's knowledge of application requirements throughout the Middle and Far East is an assurance of high performance.

Where required, Ducab can incorporate special features, for example to give the cable low smoke and fume (LSF) or reduced flame propagation characteristics, or to resist abrasion and impacts.

Our experienced Technical Staff can provide guidance on cable selection and installation and can ensure that you get the right cable for the job.

SAFETY

Ducab is able to maintain a close watch on world developments in cable technology and regulations and therefore ensure that its products are designed and constructed to be hazard-free under the prescribed conditions of use.

Ducab uses only tried and tested materials and processes in full compliance with all relevant British and International Standards. Our cables are therefore manufactured for safe use without risk to health on the understanding that users will exercise the same degree of care in their selection and application.



Joint Winner MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY Sector Award

Safety is an important issue for Ducab, and the strictest standards are adhered to throughout the company. Ducab is proud of its safety record and has been awarded RoSPA (Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents) Gold Awards for safety from 1991 to 1999. From 2000 onward, Ducab was

awarded the prestigious President's Award for Health and Safety which is a recognition of Ducab winning 10 consecutive annual Gold awards and acknowledges Ducab's total commitment to health and safety. In 2002, Ducab was declared the joint winner of the Manufacturing Industry Sector Award from RoSPA.

Ducab is the first organisation in the Middle East to receive accreditation to OHSAS 18001 by the BASEC (British Approvals Service for Cables). Certification to OHSAS 18001 provides a recognisable Occupational Health and Safety Management standard against which an organisation's management systems can be assessed and certified. Based on the structure of ISO 14001, the standard requires continual improvement in health and safety related activities.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED TO ISO 9001

Ducab's Quality Management System conforms to the ISO 9001:1994 International Quality System Standard and is certified by BASEC (British Approvals Service for Cables) who are an internationally recognised quality authority accredited in the UK and throughout the world.



Certification to the ISO 9001 International standard demonstrates that Ducab has drawn up written procedures to ensure full compliance with all requirements of the standard and that these procedures are followed by every department in the company, thus ensuring that goods leaving Ducab's factory are of the highest quality and meet each customer's requirements in every respect.

Ducab is particularly proud to have achieved certification to the stringent ISO 9001:1994 standard as it is an independent conformation that the company designs, manufactures and tests cables consistently to accepted standards. ISO 9001 is widely used throughout Europe, and is therefore a reassurance to Ducab's customers that the products and service supplied by the company are equal to the best in the world.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED TO ISO 14001

Ducab's Environmental Management System conforms to the ISO 14001:2004 International Environmental Management Standard and is certified by BASEC who are an internationally recognised certifying authority accredited in the UK and throughout Europe.

Certification to the ISO 14001:2004 International standard shows that Ducab has a well defined structure and established working practices aimed at limiting its impact on the environment. Measurement and monitoring of effects, issuing work instructions, training of personnel and taking corrective actions are all essential elements to limiting the impact on the environment. Ducab has set improvement targets to reduce the significant environmental impacts associated with its activities.



Ducab is proud to be the first cable manufacturer in the region to achieve certification to ISO 14001 and this certification along with its quality, business success and safety record demonstrates that Ducab is a world class organisation and can hold its head up to any business community throughout the world.



BASEC CERTIFICATION

Ducab is also proud to hold a Product Marketing Licence issued by BASEC (British Approvals Service for Cables) for several cables in its product range.

DUCAB SHAREEK

Ducab's customer satisfaction programme, 'The Value Edge' is designed to ensure that customers receive a consistently high level of service from Ducab's dedicated staff.



PRODUCT RANGE

Voltage range: 0.6/1kV and 1.9/3.3 kV

CABLE TYPES

- 1) Armoured/unarmoured XLPE insulated cables
- 2) Lead sheathed cables
- 3) Copper or Aluminium PE tape (with drain wire) shielded

CABLE SIZES

Single core up to and including 1000 mm²

- 2 core up to and including 300 mm²
- 3 core up to and including 400 mm²
- 4 core up to and including 500 mm²
- 5 core up to and including 95 mm²

SPECIFICATION

| BS 5467 | for XLPE insulated armoured cables |
|------------------------|--|
| BS 7889 | for XLPE insulated single core unarmoured cables |
| IEC 60502 (Part 1) | for XLPE insulated single/multicore armoured/unarmoured cables |
| Any other Internationa | I Specification as per VDE/DIN_GOST and as per customer's specifications |

SPECIFICATION AND CONSTRUCTION

CONDUCTORS

It is the current carrying component of the cable.

Material

Plain, stranded, compacted copper as per BS 6360/IEC: 60228 Aluminium, stranded, compacted conductors

INSULATION

The rated voltage level of the cable depends on the dielectric strength and thickness of the insulation.

Material

Cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) Type GP8 as per BS 7655:Section 1.3.

Colour Masterbatch

Ultra-violet (UV) resistant polyethylene masterbatch is used for colouring of insulation. This protects the insulation from deterioration when exposed to continuous sunlight.

CORE IDENTIFICATION

Core identification is by colour as follows (unless otherwise agreed):

No. of cores Core Colours

- 1 Red or Black
- 2 Red and Black
- 3 Red, Yellow and Blue
- 4 Red, Yellow, Blue and Black
- 5 Red, Yellow, Blue, Black and Green/Yellow

FILLERS

For providing circular shape to the cable, non-hygroscopic compatible fillers (wherever necessary) are included between laid up cores.

^{*} Cables to new colour scheme of BS 5467 eg. Blue, Brown, Black, Grey could also be supplied on special request

METALLIC SCREEN

If required by the customer screening may be provided for electrical shielding.

Material

Copper tape / Copper laminate / Aluminium laminate

Aluminium PE tape along with tinned copper drain wire (for providing screen continuity).

Note: Special constructions other than stated above may be provided on request.

BARRIER TAPE

Material

Polypropylene/PETP tape is used as a barrier tape over the laid up cores.

Functions

Holds the cores together and prevents them from opening out.

Works as a separator between different polymers used in a cable.

BEDDING

Extruded bedding serves as a bedding for the armour and as a protection for the laid-up cores.

Material

Extruded PVC Type 9 Compound as per BS 7655.

Reduced propagation flame retardant (RPLHCL)/RP PVC Compound for reduced flame propagation characteristics.

Smokemaster Low smoke and fume for installations where fire hazards exist.

ARMOUR

Armour provides mechanical protection to the cable. It also serves as an Earth Continuity Conductor (ECC).

One layer of round wire is applied helically over the bedding.

Material

Galvanised round steel wire (GSW).

Galvanised round steel wire (GSW) along with tinned copper wires (TCW) for maintaining specified conductivity of armour (if required by the customer).

Aluminium round wire armour (AWA) is generally used for single core ac circuits as aluminium is a non-magnetic material and this will reduce losses due to armour.

Note: Aluminium glands should be used in conjunction with cables having aluminium wire armour.

OVERSHEATH - FINISH

Following types of materials may be specified for oversheathing.

- General Purpose: Extruded PVC Type 9 Compound as per BS 7655.
- Medium Density Polythylene (MDPE): Offers higher protection from water ingress and mechanical abrasion.
- Anti Termite: Termite resistance can be built in both types described above by compounding with proper additives.
- Reduced Propagation (RP): Retards propagation of flame in fire situation. (Oxygen Index ≈ 30)
- Reduced Propagation and Low Acid Fumes (RPLHCL): Retards propagation of flames and gives low emission of hydrochloric acid fumes. (Ol ≈ 30 & acid gas emission is less than 18%)
- Smokemaster Low Smoke & Fume (LSF): Smokemaster cables are ideal for installations where the dense black smoke generated by PVC cables in a fire are a danger to people. Smokemaster is characterised by the features as Oxygen Index greater than 35, acid-gas liberation almost nil (<0.5%) and smoke density within controllable limit of 40% smoke density. Smokemaster cables are offered to BS 6724.</p>

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SALIENT FEATURES OF DUCAB CABLE DESIGN

(1) XLPE insulation Ultra-violet (UV) colour masterbatch

Ultra-violet (UV) resistant polyethylene masterbatch is used for colouring of insulation. This protects the insulation from deterioration when exposed to continuous sunlight.

(2) Polypropylene/PETP tape over the laid up cores

Acts as a separator between different polymers used in a cable.

(3) Fillers

For ensuring proper circular shape to the cable, non-hygroscopic compatible fillers (wherever necessary) are included between laid up cores.

(4) Special requirements

Ducab cables can be custom designed to incorporate special requirements of the client as follows:

- (a) Screening: Copper tape or Aluminium PE tape (along with tinned copper drain wire) can be used for shielding purposes.
- (b) Tinned copper wire can be used along with galvanised round steel wires to maintain specified armour conductivity requirements.
- (c) Reduced propagating flame retardant bedding (RPLHCL/RP) and outersheath material can be offered to meet reduced flame propagation characteristics and low hydrogen acid gas emission.
- (d) Cable with bedding and outersheath material of special LSF (low smoke and fume) compound can be offered for installations where fire and its associated problems the emission of smoke and toxic fumes offer a serious potential threat. (For details on LSF cables refer page 33-34)
- (e) In water logged areas or where the cables are required to be abrasion resistant, cable with medium density polyethylene (MDPE) can be offered.
- (f) For protection from insects, anti-termite protection can be added to the outersheath.

(5) Fire test requirement

Cables sheathed with general purpose PVC Type 9 meet fire test requirement of IEC 60332-1. Cables with varying fire performance requirements are manufactured by Ducab. The details on this are provided on request.

INSTALLATION

Whichever form of conductor is used, XLPE insulated cables are simple to handle, install and joint. All the cables described in this publication can be used indoors or outdoors, but some reservations are necessary concerning cables for direct burial in the ground or for use in sustained wet conditions as follows:

- (i) Unarmoured cables are not generally recommended for laying directly in the ground.
- (ii) Cables laid directly in the ground, particularly in sustained wet conditions, should have extruded bedding and preferably MDPE Medium Density Polyethylene as the outersheath material.

Other important factors to be taken into account are:

SHEATH DAMAGE

Care should be taken to ensure that the oversheath is not damaged during installation. This is especially important where aluminium wire armour is used, as ingress of moisture could lead to corrosion or ultimate loss of earth continuity.



MINIMUM INSTALLATION RADIUS

Cable should not be bent during installation to a radius smaller than that recommended below. Wherever possible larger installation radii should be used.

Table 1

| Type of Cable | Overall Diameter (D) | Minimum internal radius of bend |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Circular copper conductors armoured or unarmoured | Any | 6D |
| Shaped copper or aluminium conductors, armoured or unarmoured | Any | 8D |
| For lead sheathed cables | Any | 12D |

CONNECTORS

The use of compression type connectors is recommended for XLPE insulated cables since the use of soldered connectors would limit the maximum short circuit temperature of the cable to 160°C (and consequently reduce the final short circuit current by approximately 30%).

OVERHEAD TERMINATIONS

Ultra violet resistant sleeving or taping should be provided on XLPE insulated cores to avoid degradation due to exposure to solar rays.

ARMOURED SINGLE CORE CABLES FOR AC OPERATION

The current rating provided for single core cables is based on armour bonded / earthed at both ends. Armour bonding at both ends results in circulating current in the armour.

Higher current rating may be achieved in case the armour is bonded / earthed at single end. However single end bonding results in an induced voltage at the unearthed end of the armour. The magnitude of induced voltage is directly proportional to the current through the conductor and length of the cable. At times the magitude of induced voltage could pose potential risk if no limiting device is connected at the open end. For this purpose sheath voltage limiters are in use.

Ducab strongly recommends use of an insulated adopter in the cable gland, while terminating single core cables for AC operation.

Single core cables for AC operation should not pass through steel conduit or steel gland plate, as it produces a heating effect.

CABLE SUPPORT SPACING

As per IEE Wiring Regulations where the cable is not continuously supported it shall be supported by suitable means at appropriate intervals in such a manner that the cable does not suffer damage by its own weight.

CURRENT RATINGS

Current ratings for XLPE insulated cables for 'ground' and 'duct' installation are derived from the latest issue of ERA Report 69-30 Part 5 which is based upon IEC Publication 60287. The ratings for 'In Air' installation are taken from IEE Wiring Regulations.

All the ratings given are for single circuits installed thermally independent of other circuits or any other heat source and on the basis of the standard conditions of installation given in relevant Tables between 17 to 33. For other ambient or ground temperatures, depth of laying, soil thermal resistivity, the rating must be multiplied by relevant rating factors in Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12.

It should be noted that if XLPE insulated cables, are subjected to operating temperatures appreciably higher than the 90°C permissible for continuous operation, the insulation will undergo premature ageing thus affecting the normal life of the cable. However, limiting maximum conductor temperature to 105°C during overloads with duration not exceeding 4 hours on any one occasion, or a maximum of 100 hours in any 12 consecutive months, or a total of 500 hours in the cable's lifetime, would be tenable.

IEE WIRING REGULATIONS - REQUIREMENT FOR CABLES

The IEE Wiring Regulations for installation and selection of cables cannot be approached in isolation from the other equipment in the installation. In particular the devices providing protection against overload, short circuit, shock by indirect contact and over-heating of protective conductors during an earth fault, affect the selection of cables.

CROSS SECTIONAL AREAS OF PROTECTIVE CONDUCTORS (Clause 543 of the 16th Edition of IEE Wiring Regulations)

Regulation 543 explains how the cross sectional area of the circuit protective conductor should be calculated to avoid it over-heating during a fault to earth. Again the area required depends on the characteristics of the device providing protection against short circuit.

The steel wire armour of standard cables to BS 5467 (XLPE) and BS 6346 (PVC) provides the required area, or more, when the protective device is one of the standard fuses or MCB's with a rating not higher than the current rating of the cable (assuming disconnection within 5 seconds).

For the most of the cables the armour is still adequate when the fuse rating is one or two steps, or even more, above the current rating of the cable, the margins being greater for the small sizes and 4 core cables than for the larger sizes and two core cables.

VOLTAGE DROP

Voltage drop is normally only of importance for cables of voltage rating 600/1000V or below. If the installation is to be incompliance with Regulation 525 of the 16th Edition of the IEE Wiring Regulations, it is stipulated that "the voltage drop within the installation does not exceed a value appropriate to the safe functioning of the associated equipment in normal service. The requirement is deemed to be satisfied if the drop in voltage from the origin of the installation (usually supply terminals) and the fixed current using equipment does not exceed 4 per cent of the nominal voltage of the supply, disregarding starting conditions."

(Note: Diversity can be taken into account when calculating voltage drop).

Since the actual power factor of the load is often not known, the most practical approach to the question of voltage drop is to assume the worst conditions i.e. where the phase angle of the load is equal to that of the cable. The voltage drop values in the tables have been based on this assumption. For conductor sizes up to and including 120 mm² the figures

provided apply with sufficient accuracy where the power factor lies between 0.6 lagging and 1.0, and for large cables where the power factor of the load does not exceed 0.8 lagging. Where the phase angles of the loads fall outside this range, the voltage drop deduced from the tables may be unduly conservative and more exact methods of calculation should be employed.

The values of voltage drop for 600/1000 V rated cables are given in the current rating tables.

In those cases where the actual current differs greatly from the tabulated current rating, the results obtained from the tables are only approximate; for a more accurate assessment, allowance should be made for the change in conductor resistance with operating temperature. Refer to page 35 and Table 31 for details. It should also be ensured that the cable size ultimately selected is capable of carrying the required current under the site conditions of installation.

Values of voltage drop are tabulated for a current of one ampere for a 1 metre run, i.e. for a distance of 1 metre along the route taken by the cables, and represent the effect of the voltage drop in all the circuit conductors. For balanced three phase ac circuits, the values relate to the line voltage. For any given run the values need to be multiplied by the length of the run (in metres) and by the current (in amperes) that the cables are to carry.

Examples: Consider a route of 200 metres of 4 Core armoured cable to be installed in air and to carry 100 amperes load per phase, with the supply voltage being 415 volts, three phase 50 Hz and the cable to be Copper XLPE/SWA/PVC.

Using the Tables:

Let Vd be the voltage drop in volts.

$$Vd = \frac{mV \times I \times L}{1000} \quad \text{or} \quad mV = \frac{Vd \times 1000}{I \times L}$$

where I = Current in amperes L = Route length in metres mV = Approximate volt drop/ampere/metre

Assume maximum permissible volt drop = 4 per cent of 415 volts = 16.6 volts

Substitute for current, route length and maximum permissible volt drop

then
$$\text{mV} = \frac{16.6 \times 1000}{200 \times 100} = 0.83$$

Select a cable from the relevant Current Rating Table 26 such that the "mV value" from the voltage drop column is equal to or less than the 0.83 mV calculated, ensuring that it will carry the current. It will be seen that this value is 0.6 giving a cable size of 70mm². However, 100 Amp load could be less than 80% current carrying capacity of 50mm² cable, in which case of 50 mm² cable will suffice.

Note: Please refer to pages 28 and 35 for additional information on voltage drop.

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RATING FACTORS

Where the conditions of installation differ from those defined in the current rating tables, the following rating factors may be used for cables size selection. (Reference ERA report)

CABLES LAID DIRECTLY IN GROUND

Ratings for cables installed directly in the ground are based on values of soil temperature and soil thermal resistivity which are generally representative of conditions in the United Kingdom. Rating factors to take account of variation in ground temperatures are given in Table 2. Where conditions of operation can be fairly accurately estimated and knowledge of the soil along the route is available, it is possible to determine the ratings more precisely by the use of the soil thermal resistivity factors, grouping factors, and factors for the depths of laying given in Tables 3 to 6.

RATING FACTORS FOR GROUND TEMPERATURE

Table 2

| Ground temperature | 15°C | 20°C | 25°C | 30°C | 35°C | 40°C | 45°C |
|--------------------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Cable Type | Rating factor | | | | | | |
| XLPE Insulated | 1.0 | 0.97 | 0.93 | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.82 | 0.76 |

RATING FACTORS FOR VARIATION IN THERMAL RESISTIVITY OF SOIL (AVERAGE VALUES) Table 3

| | | | | | | • | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Size of cables | Soil thermal resistivity in °C m/W | | | | | | |
| mm² | 8.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| | Single core cables | | | | | | |
| Up to 150 | 1.16 | 1.12 | 1.07 | 0.91 | 0.81 | 0.73 | 0.66 |
| From 185 to 300 | 1.17 | 1.12 | 1.07 | 0.91 | 0.80 | 0.73 | 0.66 |
| From 400 to 1000 | 1.17 | 1.12 | 1.07 | 0.91 | 0.80 | 0.73 | 0.66 |
| | Multicore cables | | | | | | |
| Up to 16 | 1.12 | 1.08 | 1.05 | 0.93 | 0.84 | 0.77 | 0.72 |
| From 25 to 150 | 1.14 | 1.10 | 1.06 | 0.92 | 0.82 | 0.75 | 0.69 |
| From 185 to 500 | 1.15 | 1.10 | 1.07 | 0.92 | 0.81 | 0.74 | 0.67 |

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RATING FACTORS FOR DEPTH OF LAYING (TO CENTRE OF CABLE OR TREFOIL GROUP OF CABLES)

Table 4

| Depth of laying | | 600/1000 Volt | 1900/33 | 800 Volt | |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| m | Up to 50mm² | 70mm² to 300mm² | Above 300mm ² | Up to 300mm² | Above 300mm² |
| 0.50 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | - |
| 0.60 | 0.99 | 0.98 | 0.97 | - | - |
| 0.80 | 0.97 | 0.96 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1.00 | 0.95 | 0.93 | 0.92 | 0.98 | 0.97 |
| 1.25 | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.89 | 0.96 | 0.95 |
| 1.50 | 0.93 | 0.90 | 0.87 | 0.95 | 0.93 |
| 1.75 | 0.92 | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.94 | 0.91 |
| 2.00 | 0.91 | 0.88 | 0.85 | 0.92 | 0.89 |
| 2.50 | 0.90 | 0.87 | 0.84 | 0.91 | 0.88 |
| 3.00 or more | 0.89 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 0.90 | 0.86 |

GROUP RATING FACTORS FOR CIRCUITS OF THREE SINGLE CORE CABLES IN TREFOIL OR LAID FLAT TOUCHING, IN HORIZONTAL FORMATION Table 5

| | | | | | | | Table 5 |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| | | | PACING |) (| | SPACING * | |
| Number of Cire | cuits | | | Spacing of | f Circuits | | |
| | | Touch | ing** | | | | |
| | | Trefoil | Laid flat | 0.15 m* | 0.30 m | 0.45 m | 0.60 m |
| | 2 | 0.78 | 0.81 | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.91 | 0.93 |
| | 3 | 0.66 | 0.70 | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.84 | 0.87 |
| 600/1000 Volt cables | 4 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 0.68 | 0.73 | 0.81 | 0.85 |
| voit oublee | 5 | 0.56 | 0.60 | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.79 | 0.85 |
| | 6 | 0.53 | 0.57 | 0.61 | 0.71 | 0.78 | 0.82 |
| | 2 | 0.78 | 0.80 | 0.82 | 0.86 | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| 1900/3300 | 3 | 0.66 | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 0.80 | 0.83 |
| Volt cables | 4 | 0.59 | 0.62 | 0.65 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.80 |
| | 5 | 0.55 | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 0.78 |
| | 6 | 0.52 | 0.55 | 0.58 | 0.66 | 0.72 | 0.76 |

^{*} This spacing will not be possible for some of the larger diameter cables.

^{**} For high current carrying cables (i.e. large size) it is advisable to allow spacing between circuits. Alternatively the most appropriate group rating factor must be applied when determining the cable size and required number of cables in parallel.

GROUP RATING FACTORS FOR MULTICORE CABLES IN HORIZONTAL FORMATION

Table 6

| Number of Cables in Group | | → SPACING ← | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|------|---------|--------|--------|
| | · | | | Spacing | | |
| | | | | 0.30 m | 0.45 m | 0.60 m |
| | 2 | 0.81 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.93 | 0.95 |
| 600/1000 | 3 | 0.70 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| volt cables | 4 | 0.63 | 0.74 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| | 5 | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 0.87 |
| | 6 | 0.55 | 0.68 | 0.77 | 0.83 | 0.87 |
| | 2 | 0.80 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.91 | 0.93 |
| | 3 | 0.68 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.84 | 0.87 |
| 1900/3000 | 4 | 0.62 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 0.81 | 0.84 |
| volt cables | 5 | 0.57 | 0.66 | 0.73 | 0.78 | 0.82 |
| | 6 | 0.54 | 0.64 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 0.81 |

^{*} For high current carrying cables (i.e. large size) it is advisable to allow spacing between circuits. Alternatively the most appropriate group rating factor must be applied when determining the cable size and required number of cables in parallel.

CABLES INSTALLED IN DUCTS

The term ducts applies to single way earthenware, fibre or ferrous pipes.

RECOMMENDED DUCT DIMENSIONS AND CABLE SIZES

Table 7

| Overall cable diameter | Duct | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| mm | Inside diameter mm | Outside diameter mm | | |
| Up to and including 65 | 100 | 130 | | |
| Above 65 up to and including 90 | 125 | 160 | | |

Ratings for cables installed in single way ducts, underground, have been based on values of soil temperature and soil thermal resistivity which are generally representative of conditions in the United Kingdom. Rating factors to take account of variations in ground temperatures are given in Table 2. Where conditions of operation can be fairly accurately estimated, and knowledge of the soil along the route is available, it is possible to determine the ratings more precisely by the use of estimated maximum ground temperature, the soil thermal resistivity factors, grouping factors, and factors for the depths of laying given in Tables 8 to 11.

RATING FACTORS FOR GROUND TEMPERATURE

Note: Same as for direct in ground, refer to Table 2.

RATING FACTORS OF VARIATION IN THERMAL RESISTIVITY OF SOIL (AVERAGE VALUES)

Table 8

| Size of cable | Soil thermal resistivity in °C m/W | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|------|
| mm ² | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| | | | Sing | gle Core Ca | able | | |
| Up to 150 | 1.10 | 1.07 | 1.04 | 0.94 | 0.86 | 0.80 | 0.76 |
| From 185 to 300 | 1.11 | 1.08 | 1.05 | 0.93 | 0.85 | 0.79 | 0.75 |
| From 400 to 1000 | 1.12 | 1.08 | 1.05 | 0.93 | 0.84 | 0.78 | 0.74 |
| | | | Mu | Iticore Cab | les | | |
| Up to 16 | 1.04 | 1.03 | 1.02 | 0.97 | 0.92 | 0.88 | 0.86 |
| From 25 to 150 | 1.06 | 1.04 | 1.03 | 0.95 | 0.90 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| From 185 to 500 | 1.07 | 1.05 | 1.03 | 0.95 | 0.88 | 0.83 | 0.78 |

RATING FACTORS OF DEPTH OF LAYING (TO CENTRE OF DUCT OR TREFOIL GROUP OF DUCTS)

Table 9

| Depth in laying | 600/1000 Volt | | Volt 1900/3300 Volt | |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| m | Single Core | Multicore | Single Core | Multicore |
| 0.50 | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | - |
| 0.60 | 0.98 | 0.99 | - | - |
| 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1.00 | 0.93 | 0.96 | 0.98 | 0.99 |
| 1.25 | 0.91 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.97 |
| 1.50 | 0.89 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.96 |
| 1.75 | 0.88 | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.95 |
| 2.00 | 0.87 | 0.93 | 0.90 | 0.94 |
| 2.50 | 0.86 | 0.92 | 0.89 | 0.93 |
| 3.00 or more | 0.85 | 0.91 | 0.88 | 0.92 |

GROUP RATING FACTORS FOR SINGLE CORE CABLES IN TREFOIL SINGLE WAY DUCTS, HORIZONTAL FORMATION (AVERAGE VALUES) Table 10

| | | | | Table 10 |
|--------------------|---|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Number of Circuits | | | SPACING C | |
| | | | Spacing | |
| | | Touching* | 0.45 m | 0.60 m |
| | 2 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.93 |
| 600/1000 | 3 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 0.87 |
| Volt Cables | 4 | 0.74 | 0.81 | 0.85 |
| | 5 | 0.70 | 0.79 | 0.83 |
| | 6 | 0.69 | 0.78 | 0.82 |
| | 2 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| 1900/3300 | 3 | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.83 |
| Volt Cables | 4 | 0.70 | 0.77 | 0.80 |
| | 5 | 0.67 | 0.74 | 0.78 |
| | 6 | 0.64 | 0.72 | 0.76 |

^{*} For high current carrying cables (i.e. large size) it is advisable to allow spacing between circuits. Alternatively the most appropriate group rating factor must be applied when determining the cable size and required number of cables in parallel.



GROUP RATING FACTORS FOR MULTICORE CABLES IN SINGLE WAY DUCTS, HORIZONTAL FORMATION (AVERAGE VALUES) Table 11

| | | | | | Table III |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|---------|--------|-----------|
| Number of I | | | ⇒ space | acing | |
| | | Touching* | 0.30 m | 0.45 m | 0.60 m |
| | 2 | 0.90 | 0.93 | 0.95 | 0.96 |
| 600/1000 volt cables | 3 | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.91 | 0.93 |
| | 4 | 0.79 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.92 |
| | 5 | 0.75 | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.91 |
| | 6 | 0.73 | 0.82 | 0.87 | 0.90 |
| | 2 | 0.88 | 0.91 | 0.93 | 0.94 |
| 1900/3000 | 3 | 0.80 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| volt cables | 4 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.85 | 0.88 |
| | 5 | 0.72 | 0.78 | 0.83 | 0.86 |
| | 6 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.85 |

^{*} For high current carrying cables (i.e. large size) it is advisable to allow spacing between circuits. Alternatively the most appropriate group rating factor must be applied when determining the cable size and required number of cables in parallel.

CABLES INSTALLED IN AIR

It is anticipated that many of the "in air" installations will be in buildings, and the ratings are therefore given in accordance with IEE Wiring Regulations for Electrical Installations, 16th Edition.

It should be noted that all ratings for cables run in free air have been based on the assumption that they are shielded from the direct rays of the sun without restriction of ventilation. The rating for cables subjected to direct sunlight should be reduced to take account of this factor and further guidance on this subject is available on request.

RATING FACTORS FOR OTHER AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURES

| | Table 12 |
|------|----------|
| 50°C | 55°C |
| 0.83 | 0.76 |

Table 12

| Air Temperature | 25°C | 30°C | 35°C | 40°C | 45°C | 50°C | 55°C |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| XLPE Insulated | 1.02 | 1.0 | 0.96 | 0.91 | 0.87 | 0.82 | 0.76 |

DEFINED CONDITIONS OF INSTALLATION

The 'in-air' current ratings given in relevant Tables between 18 to 34 are based on the installation conditions in air as follows:

Single core cables (a)

(1) Two single core cables are installed one above the other, fixed to the vertical surface of a wall or open cable trench, the distance between the wall and the surface of the cable being not less than 20mm.

Cables are installed at a distance between centres of twice the overall diameter of the cable, i.e. 2D, where D = overall diameter of cable.

(2) Three single core cables are installed in trefoil formation, fixed to the vertical surface of a wall or open cable trench, the cables touching throughout and the distance between the wall and the surface of the nearest cable being not less than 20mm. The cables are assumed to be remote from iron, steel or ferro-concrete, other than the cable supports. Single core armoured cables to be electrically bonded at each end of the run.

(b) Multicore Cables

Cables of all types other than single core cables are installed singly, fixed to the vertical surface of a wall or open cable trench, the distance between the surface of the cable and the wall being not less than 20 mm in every instance.

If it is necessary for cables to be installed at distances less than those described above, then the values tabulated under the heading "Clipped direct to a surface..." in the IEE Wiring Regulations should be employed.

SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS - CONDUCTORS

Table 13

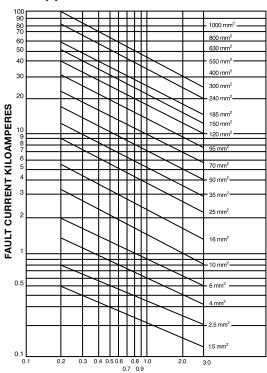
| Conductor size | Short circuit rati | ngs for 1 second in KA |
|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| mm² | Copper | Aluminium |
| | Conductor | Conductor |
| 1.5 | 0.21 | 0.14 |
| 2.5 | 0.36 | 0.24 |
| 4 | 0.57 | 0.38 |
| 6 | 0.86 | 0.56 |
| 10 | 1.43 | 0.94 |
| 16 | 2.29 | 1.50 |
| 25 | 3.58 | 2.35 |
| 35 | 5.00 | 3.29 |
| 50 | 7.15 | 4.70 |
| 70 | 10.01 | 6.58 |
| 95 | 13.59 | 8.93 |
| 120 | 17.16 | 11.28 |
| 150 | 21.45 | 14.10 |
| 185 | 26.46 | 17.39 |
| 240 | 34.32 | 22.56 |
| 300 | 42.90 | 28.20 |
| 400 | 57.20 | 37.60 |
| 630 | 90.09 | 59.22 |
| 800 | 114.40 | 75.20 |
| 1000 | 143.00 | 94.00 |

Note: For any other duration 't' seconds divide the given value by \sqrt{t}

The values of fault current given in the graph are based on the cable being fully loaded at the start of the short circuit (conductor temperature 90°C) and a final conductor temperature of 250 °C. It should be ensured that the accessories associated with the cables are also capable of operation at these values of fault current and temperature.

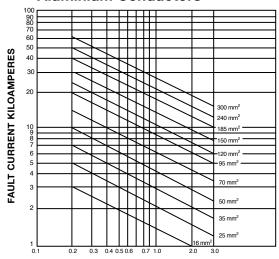
Note: With XLPE cables the use of soldered type connectors (instead of the compression type) is not recommended since their use in the system would limit the final conductor temperature to 160 °C (and consequently reduce the fault current rating by approximately 30 per cent).

Copper Conductors



DURATION OF SHORT CIRCUT IN SECONDS

Aluminium Conductors



DURATION OF SHORT CIRCUT IN SECONDS

SHORT CIRCUIT RATINGS - ARMOUR

XLPE INSULATED CABLES

ARMOUR FAULT CURRENTS TO EARTH (FOR A FAULT DURATION OF 1 SECOND)

Table 14

| | | • | | | , | | Table 14 |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------|------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Nominal Area of | Aluminium V | Vire Armour | | Steel W | /ire Armour | | |
| Conductor | 600/1000 V | 1900/3300 V | | 600 | /1000 V | | 1900/3300 V |
| | Single Core | Single Core | Two Core | Three Core | Four Core | Four Core (reduced neutral) | Three Core |
| | amp | amp | amp | amp | amp | amp | amp |
| mm² | XLPE | XLPE | XLPE | XLPE | XLPE | XLPE | XLPE |
| 16 | - | - | 1800 | 2000 | 2200 | - | 3700 |
| 25 | - | - | 1900 | 2800 | 3200 | 3200 | 4200 |
| 35 | - | - | 2800 | 3200 | 3600 | 3400 | 4700 |
| 50 | 4000* | 4700* | 3100 | 3500 | 4100 | 3900 | 5600 |
| 70 | 4700* | 5200* | 3600 | 4100 | 6000 | 5900 | 6200 |
| 95 | 5200* | 5700* | 5100 | 5800 | 6700 | 6600 | 6900 |
| 120 | 5700* | 6100 | - | 6400 | 9400 | 7500 | 9400 |
| 150 | 6400 | 6400 | - | 9200 | 10500 | 10000 | 10100 |
| 185 | 7100 | 7100 | - | 10100 | 11700 | 11500 | 10800 |
| 240 | 7900 | 7800 | - | 11500 | 13200 | 12800 | 11900 |
| 300 | 8800 | 8500 | - | 12300 | 14600 | 13900 | 13000 |
| 400 | 12400 | 12000 | - | - | 20700 | 20700 | - |
| 500 | 13800 | 13300 | - | - | 22500 | 22500 | - |
| 630 | 15400 | 14900 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 800 | 21300 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1000 | 23400 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} Based on wire diameters larger than those specified in BS 5467. Refer to Table 16, 32 and 34 for single core cable armour wire diameter

Notes: 1. The ratings given in the Table above are based on a fault duration of one second and an armour temperature rise from 80°C at commencement of the fault to a final temperature of 200°C.

2. The asymmetrical fault rating of the smaller sizes may be decided by the short circuit capability of the conductor rather than the armour rating. It is therefore necessary to compare the two ratings.

دوكاب Ducab

CONDUCTOR / ARMOUR RESISTANCE AND REACTANCE VALUES

| 600/1000 V | | | SINGLI | SINGLE AND MULTICORE CABLES HAVING WIRE ARMOUR | TICORE C | ABLES H | AVING V | VIRE ARM | OUR | |) | Table 15 |
|--------------|---------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| | | | Maximum resist | sistance of Ca | able - Armo | ance of Cable - Armour in ohms/km at 20°C | /km at 20° | O | | | | |
| Nominal Area | uctor * | | Single Core | Core | Two core | Three Core | | Four Core** (equal neutral) | Four Core (reduced neutral) | Inductive res 3 phase ci | ductive reactance (approx) per core 3 phase circuite in ohm/km @ 50 Hz | Inductive reactance (approx) per core of 3 phase circuite in ohm/km @ 50 Hz |
| of Conductor | pu | | Aluminium wire | vire armour | With stran | ded copper co | nductor & G | With stranded copper conductor & Galvanised Steel Wire Armour | Wire Armour | _ | | |
| | ၁၁ ၂ | Aluminium | With stranded With | With stranded | | | | | | | | |
| mm² | Copper | | copper conductor 600/1000 V | aluminium conductor 600/1000 V | 600/ 1000 V | 600/ 1000 V | 1900/ 3300 V | 600/ 1000 V | 600/ 1000 V | Single core cable | Two core cable | Three & Four core cable |
| 16 | 1.15 | 1.910 | ı | | 3.70 | 3.50 | 1.90 | 3.10 | | | 0.081 | 0.081 |
| 25 | 0.727 | 1.200 | 1 | | 3.70 | 2.50 | 1.70 | 2.30 | 2.30 | ı | 0.079 | 0.079 |
| 35 | 0.524 | 0.868 | ı | 1 | 2.60 | 2.30 | 1.80 | 2.00 | 2.10 | 1 | 0.077 | 0.077 |
| 20 | 0.387 | 0.641 | 1.30 | 0.75 | 2.30 | 2.00 | 1.30 | 1.80 | 1.90 | 0.106 | 0.076 | 0.076 |
| 70 | 0.268 | 0.443 | 0.75 | 0.67 | 2.00 | 1.80 | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.30 | 0.103 | 0.075 | 0.075 |
| 95 | 0.193 | 0.320 | 0.67 | 0.61 | 1.40 | 1.30 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 860'0 | 0.073 | 0.073 |
| 120 | 0.153 | 0.253 | 0.61 | 0.42 | 1.30 | 1.20 | 92.0 | 92.0 | 96.0 | 960.0 | 0.072 | 0.072 |
| 150 | 0.124 | 0.206 | 0.42 | 0.39 | 1.20 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.097 | 0.073 | 0.073 |
| 185 | 0.0991 | 0.164 | 0.38 | 0.37 | 0.82 | 0.71 | 0.65 | 0.61 | 0.63 | 960'0 | 0.073 | 0.073 |
| 240 | 0.0754 | 0.125 | 0.34 | 0.34 | 62'0 | 0.63 | 0.59 | 0.54 | 0.56 | 0.092 | 0.072 | 0.072 |
| 300 | 0.0601 | 0.100 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.67 | 0.58 | 0.55 | 0.49 | 0.52 | 60.0 | 0.072 | 0.072 |
| 400 | 0.0470 | 0.0778 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.59 | 0.52 | 0.50 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 60'0 | 0.072 | 0.07 |
| 200 | 9980'0 | 0.0605 | 0.20 | 0.20 | - | - | - | - | - | 680'0 | - | |
| 630 | 0.0283 | 0.0469 | 0.18 | 0.18 | • | • | | - | | 980'0 | - | 1 |
| 800 | 0.0221 | 0.0367 | 0.13 | 0.13 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.083 | - | |
| 1000 | 0.0176 | 0.0291 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 1 | | | - | 1 | 80.0 | 1 | 1 |

^{*} The values given are for plain annealed copper conductors. For tinned conductors reference should be made to BS 6360.

^{**} Multicore cables with stranded Aluminium conductor have same Armour resistances as those with Copper conductors.

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467 & IEC-60502-1

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS



STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS - SINGLE CORE CABLES

*UNARMOURED AND ARMOURED, PVC SHEATHED CABLES

| 600/100 | 0 V | | | | | | | | Table 16 |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Nominal | Thickness | | rmoured Cal roximate val | | , | Armoured Ca | ibles (approx | kimate values | s) |
| area of conductor mm^2 | of insulation mm | Cable diameter overall mm | Cable weight Aluminium kg/km | Cable weight Copper kg/km | Diameter under armour mm | Armour** wire diameter mm | Cable diameter overall mm | Cable weight Aluminium kg/km | Cable weight Copper kg/km |
| 50 | 1.0 | 14.2 | 250 | 540 | 12.6 | 1.6*** | 18.4 | 460 | 800 |
| 70 | 1.1 | 16.2 | 330 | 760 | 14.5 | 1.6*** | 20.2 | 560 | 990 |
| 95 | 1.1 | 18.3 | 430 | 1020 | 16.4 | 1.6*** | 22.3 | 690 | 1280 |
| 120 | 1.2 | 20.2 | 510 | 1270 | 18.0 | 1.6*** | 24.2 | 800 | 1550 |
| 150 | 1.4 | 22.4 | 630 | 1560 | 19.8 | 1.6 | 27.4 | 970 | 1900 |
| 185 | 1.6 | 24.7 | 760 | 1930 | 22.0 | 1.6 | 30.0 | 1150 | 2320 |
| 240 | 1.7 | 27.7 | 970 | 2510 | 24.6 | 1.6 | 32.8 | 1380 | 2930 |
| 300 | 1.8 | 30.6 | 1190 | 3120 | 27.3 | 1.6 | 35.6 | 1640 | 3580 |
| 400 | 2.0 | 34.2 | 1500 | 3970 | 31.2 | 2.0 | 40.5 | 2130 | 4600 |
| 500 | 2.2 | 38.0 | 1900 | 4980 | 36.0 | 2.0 | 44.2 | 2610 | 5680 |
| 630 | 2.4 | 42.9 | 2420 | 6400 | 40.0 | 2.0 | 48.8 | 3180 | 7160 |
| 800 | 2.6 | 47.8 | 3120 | 8210 | 45.8 | 2.5 | 55.4 | 4230 | 9315 |
| 1000 | 2.8 | 53.0 | 3780 | 10275 | 50.8 | 2.5 | 60.6 | 5000 | 11490 |

^{*} Single core unarmoured cables are as per BS 7889.

^{**} Aluminium wire armour for AC system.

^{***} Wire diameters are larger than those specified in BS 5467.

^{****} Cables with Stranded Aluminium Conductors conform to IEC 60502-1

CURRENT RATINGS (AC)

STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS - SINGLE CORE CABLES

| 600/1 | 000 V | | A | RMOUF | RED PV | C SHE | ATHED | CABLE | s | | Tal | ole 17 |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------|----------------------------|-------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|----------------------------|--------|
| Nominal | | Strande | d Coppe | r Condu | ctors | | | Stranded | d Alumin | ium Con | ductors | |
| area of | Cı | urrent Ratir | ngs | • • • | mate voltag npere per n | • | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | l • • | ate voltage bere per me | |
| mm ² | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | → 3D ← Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | | Duct | Air |
| | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 50 | 235 | 235 | 222 | 0.87 | 0.93 | 0.87 | 175 | 180 | 162 | 1.40 | 1.60 | 1.40 |
| 70 | 290 | 280 | 285 | 0.62 | 0.70 | 0.62 | 220 | 220 | 207 | 0.98 | 1.00 | 0.98 |
| 95 | 345 | 330 | 346 | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.47 | 260 | 260 | 252 | 0.72 | 0.79 | 0.74 |
| 120 | 390 | 370 | 402 | 0.39 | 0.48 | 0.39 | 295 | 295 | 292 | 0.58 | 0.66 | 0.60 |
| 150 | 435 | 405 | 463 | 0.33 | 0.43 | 0.33 | 330 | 330 | 337 | 0.48 | 0.57 | 0.49 |
| 185 | 490 | 440 | 529 | 0.28 | 0.39 | 0.28 | 375 | 365 | 391 | 0.39 | 0.49 | 0.41 |
| 240 | 560 | 500 | 625 | 0.24 | 0.35 | 0.24 | 435 | 410 | 465 | 0.31 | 0.42 | 0.34 |
| 300 | 630 | 550 | 720 | 0.21 | 0.32 | 0.21 | 490 | 455 | 540 | 0.27 | 0.38 | 0.29 |
| 400 | 700 | 580 | 815 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 540 | 480 | 625 | 0.35 | 0.38 | 0.25 |
| 500 | 770 | 620 | 918 | 0.18 | 0.28 | 0.18 | 580 | 510 | 714 | 0.31 | 0.35 | 0.22 |
| 630 | 840 | 670 | 1027 | 0.17 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 630 | 540 | 801 | 0.28 | 0.32 | 0.20 |
| 800 | 888 | 692 | 1119 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 0.17 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1000 | 942 | 735 | 1214 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.16 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

600/1000 V UNARMOURED PVC SHEATHED CABLES

Table 18

| | | Strand | led Copp | er Cond | uctors | | | Alu | minium (| Conduct | ors | |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| Nominal area of | Cı | ırrent Ratir | ngs | | mate voltag npere per n | | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | | nate voltag ipere per m | - |
| conductor | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | → 3D ← Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | → 3D ← Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air |
| | amps 230 | amps 240 | amps 209 | mV 0.85 | mV 0.93 | mV 0.87 | amps 175 | amps 180 | amps 159 | mV 1.40 | mV 1.50 | mV 1.45 |
| 50 70 | 285 | 295 | 270 | 0.61 | 0.70 | 0.61 | 215 | 220 | 206 | 0.98 | 1.10 | 0.98 |
| 95 | 335 | 345 | 330 | 0.45 | 0.56 | 0.45 | 255 | 260 | 253 | 0.71 | 0.79 | 0.73 |
| 120 | 385 | 395 | 385 | 0.36 | 0.48 | 0.37 | 295 | 300 | 296 | 0.57 | 0.66 | 0.59 |
| 150 | 435 | 445 | 445 | 0.31 | 0.43 | 0.31 | 325 | 335 | 343 | 0.47 | 0.57 | 0.47 |
| 185 | 490 | 500 | 511 | 0.26 | 0.39 | 0.26 | 370 | 375 | 395 | 0.39 | 0.49 | 0.39 |
| 240 | 570 | 580 | 606 | 0.22 | 0.35 | 0.22 | 430 | 440 | 471 | 0.31 | 0.42 | 0.32 |
| 300 | 650 | 650 | 701 | 0.19 | 0.32 | 0.20 | 490 | 510 | 544 | 0.26 | 0.38 | 0.27 |
| 400 | 740 | 750 | 820 | 0.17 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 550 | 570 | 638 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.23 |
| 500 | 840 | 850 | 936 | 0.16 | 0.28 | 0.16 | 620 | 640 | 743 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.20 |
| 630 | 960 | 960 | 1069 | 0.15 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 690 | 730 | 849 | 0.28 | 0.32 | 0.19 |
| 800 | 1120 | 1130 | 1214 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.15 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1000 | 1300 | 1320 | 1349 | 0.14 | 0.24 | 0.14 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Direct in ground - Trefoil touching Single way ducts - ducts touching

Spacing in air - As shown above (D = Cable diameter) Non magnetic wire armour bonded at both ends Installation conditions for above ratings: Ambient air temperature:30°C

Ground temperature: 15°C

Depth of laying:0.5 m, Soil thermal resistivity: 1.2°C m/W
Maximum conductor operating temperature at rated
current is 90°C, For rating factors see Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467 & IEC-60502-1

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS





STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS TWO CORE CABLES

UNARMOURED AND ARMOURED, PVC SHEATHED CABLES 600/1000 V Table 19 **Unarmoured Cables Armoured Cables (approximate values) Nominal Thickness** (approximate values) area of of conductor insulation Cable Cable Cable Diameter Armour Cable Cable Cable diameter weight weight under wire diameter weight weight mm^{2} overall **Aluminium** Copper **Aluminium** mm armour diameter overall Copper kg/km kg/km kg/km kg/km mm mm mm mm 0.7 475 15.2 20.4 900 17.0 1.25 16* 1.25 0.9 20.2 415 740 18.5 24.1 915 1240 25* 0.9 22.5 480 955 21.5 1.60 27.7 1255 1710 35* 1.0 20.4 497 1100 18.7 1.60 25.8 1430 1800 50 1780 23.1 690 1520 21.5 1.60 29.0 2320 70 1.1 26.5 850 2050 24.6 2.00 33.1 1950 3150 1.1 95 1.2 28.4 1170 2610 26.8 2.00 36.1 2440 3880 120 1.4 31.7 1450 3220 29.7 2.00 39.3 3050 4820 150 1.6 35.1 1810 4030 33.3 2.50 44.7 3690 5920 185 1.7 40.3 2280 5200 38.1 2.50 49.0 4380 7300 240 1.8 44.3 2760 6430 42.3 2.50 53.5 5100 8770 300

Note: Unarmoured cables & cables with Stranded Aluminium Conductors conform to IEC 60502-Part 1

^{*} Circular conductor, all others are sector shaped.

CURRENT RATINGS (AC)

STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS - TWO CORE CABLES

600/1000 V

ARMOURED PVC SHEATHED CABLES

Table 20

| | وسد | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|---------------------------|-----|
| | | Strand | ded Cop | per Co | nductors | ; | | Alur | ninium (| Conduc | tors | |
| | Cı | ırrent Ratir | ngs | | mate voltag npere per m | - | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | | nate voltag pere per m | - |
| Nominal | | In single | | | | | | In single | | | | |
| area of | Direct in | way | Installed | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in | way | Installed | Ground | Duct | Air |
| conductor | ground | ducts | in air | | | | ground | ducts | in air | | | |
| mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | m V | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 16* | 140 | 115 | 115 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25* | 180 | 145 | 152 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 135 | 110 | 112 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| 35* | 215 | 175 | 188 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 165 | 130 | 138 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 50 | 255 | 210 | 228 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 195 | 155 | 166 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 70 | 315 | 260 | 291 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 240 | 195 | 211 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| 95 | 381 | 313 | 354 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 288 | 237 | 254 | 0.8 | 8.0 | 0.8 |
| 120 | 410 | 344 | 430 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | - | ı | - | - | - | - |
| 150 | 472 | 384 | 480 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1 | ı | - | - | - | - |
| 185 | 539 | 432 | 540 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 240 | 632 | 504 | 636 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 300 | 708 | 560 | 732 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | | - | - | - | - |

^{*} Circular conductor, all others are sector shaped

600/1000 V

UNARMOURED PVC SHEATHED CABLES

Table 21

| | - | Strand | led Copp | er Cond | luctors | | | Alu | minium | Conduct | ors | |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----|
| Nominal | Cı | urrent Ratir | ngs | • • | mate voltag npere per n | | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | | nate voltag ipere per m | • |
| area of conductor | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air |
| mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 16* | 140 | 115 | 115 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 25* | 180 | 140 | 149 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 135 | 105 | 108 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| 35* | 215 | 170 | 185 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 165 | 130 | 135 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 50 | 255 | 205 | 225 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 195 | 150 | 164 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 70 | 315 | 255 | 289 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 240 | 195 | 211 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 95 | 380 | 311 | 352 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 285 | 235 | 257 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 120 | 410 | 344 | 430 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 150 | 473 | 384 | 480 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 185 | 542 | 432 | 540 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 240 | 641 | 504 | 650 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 300 | 741 | 560 | 750 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | = | | = | - | - |

Direct in ground - Cables touching Single way ducts - ducts touching

* Circular conductors, all others are sector shaped

Note: (1) 50mm² and above are with D-shaped conductor

(2) Unarmoured cables are as per IEC:60502 (part 1)

Installation conditions for above ratings:

Ambient air temperature:30°C Ground temperature: 15°C Depth of laying: 0.5 m

Soil thermal resistivity: 1.2°C m/W

Maximum conductor operating temperature at rated current is 90°C For rating factors see Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467 & IEC-60502-1

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS



STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS THREE CORE CABLES

UNARMOURED AND ARMOURED, PVC SHEATHED CABLES

Table 22

| Nominal | Thickness | | ermoured Ca proximate va | | Armoured Cables (approximate values) | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| area of conductor | of insulation | Cable diameter overall | Cable weight Aluminium | Cable weight Copper | Diameter under armour | Armour wire diameter | Cable diameter overall | Cable weight Aluminium | Cable weight Copper | | | |
| mm² | mm | mm | kg/km | kg/km | mm | mm | mm | kg/km | kg/km | | | |
| 16* | 0.7 | 18.0 | - | 675 | 16.0 | 1.25 | 21.6 | - | 1130 | | | |
| 25* | 0.9 | 21.5 | 500 | 990 | 20.0 | 1.6 | 26.7 | 1220 | 1710 | | | |
| 35* | 0.9 | 24.0 | 610 | 1295 | 22.7 | 1.6 | 29.4 | 1415 | 2100 | | | |
| 50 | 1.0 | 24.6 | 740 | 1640 | 23.0 | 1.6 | 28.5 | 1550 | 2450 | | | |
| 70 | 1.1 | 28.0 | 1050 | 2220 | 26.0 | 1.6 | 32.2 | 1810 | 3120 | | | |
| 95 | 1.1 | 31.0 | 1170 | 2980 | 30.0 | 2.0 | 37.0 | 2500 | 4310 | | | |
| 120 | 1.2 | 34.8 | 1440 | 3730 | 32.8 | 2.0 | 40.4 | 2870 | 5160 | | | |
| 150 | 1.4 | 38.5 | 2300 | 5195 | 36.8 | 2.5 | 45.5 | 3660 | 7160 | | | |
| 185 | 1.6 | 44.0 | 2750 | 6470 | 41.5 | 2.5 | 49.8 | 4320 | 8600 | | | |
| 240 | 1.7 | 49.5 | 3020 | 8380 | 46.0 | 2.5 | 55.1 | 5170 | 10755 | | | |
| 300 | 1.8 | 53.5 | 3660 | 10420 | 51.5 | 2.5 | 60.2 | 6100 | 13080 | | | |
| 400 | 2.0 | 59.2 | 3730 | 11575 | 56.4 | 2.5 | 66.6 | 7050 | 15810 | | | |

^{*} Circular conductors, all others are sector shaped.

600/1000 V

Note: Unarmoured cables & cables with Stranded Aluminium Conductors conform to IEC 60502 (Part 1)

CURRENT RATINGS (AC)

STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS THREE CORE CABLES

| 600/1 | 000 V | | Al | RMOUF | RED PV | C SHE | ATHED | CABLE | S | | Tab | le 23 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|----------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------------|-------|
| | | Strand | ed Copp | er Cond | uctors | | | Stra | nded Alu | minium (| Conducto | ors |
| . | Cı | urrent Ratir | ıgs | | mate voltaç npere per n | , | Cu | rrent Rating | gs | l | nate voltaç ipere per r | |
| Nominal area of conductor | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air |
| mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 16 | 115 | 94 | 99 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 89 | 72 | 74 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 25 | 150 | 125 | 131 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 115 | 94 | 98 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 35 | 180 | 150 | 162 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 135 | 110 | 120 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 50 | 215 | 175 | 197 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 165 | 135 | 145 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 70 | 265 | 215 | 251 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 200 | 165 | 185 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 95 | 315 | 260 | 304 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 240 | 200 | 224 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| 120 | 360 | 300 | 353 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 275 | 230 | 264 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 150 | 405 | 335 | 406 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 310 | 255 | 305 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 185 | 460 | 380 | 463 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 350 | 295 | 350 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 240 | 530 | 440 | 546 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 410 | 340 | 418 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 300 | 590 | 495 | 628 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 460 | 385 | 488 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 400 | 667 | 570 | 728 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 520 | 443 | 562 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

UNARMOURED PVC SHEATHED CABLES 600/1000 V Table 24 **Stranded Copper Conductors Stranded Aluminium Conductors** Approximate voltage drop **Current Ratings** Approximate voltage drop **Current Ratings** per ampere per metre per ampere per metre Nominal area of Direct in In single Installed Ground Duct Direct in In single Installed Ground Duct Air ground way ducts in air ground way ducts in air conductor m۷ m۷ mm² m۷ m۷ m۷ m۷ amps amps amps amps amps amps 100 16 120 93 2.5 2.5 2.5 125 127 27 27 145 1.7 1.7 1.7 115 92 97 27 25 1.2 180 145 158 1.2 1.2 135 110 120 1.9 19 1.9 35 215 175 192 0.9 0.9 0.9 165 135 146 1.4 1.4 1.4 50 265 246 0.6 0.6 1.0 1.0 1.0 215 0.6 200 165 187 70 255 298 0.5 0.5 227 0.7 0.7 315 0.5 240 195 0.7 95 365 300 346 0.4 0.4 0.4 275 225 263 0.6 0.6 0.6 120 150 405 330 399 0.3 0.3 0.3 310 255 304 0.5 0.5 0.5 456 0.4 465 380 0.3 0.3 0.3 350 290 347 0.4 0.4 185 440 538 0.2 0.2 0.2 415 340 409 0.3 540 0.3 0.3 240 600 500 621 0.2 0.2 0.2 465 385 471 0.3 0.3 0.3 300 0.2 0.2 675 575 741 0.2 02 523 443 570 0.2 0.2 400

Direct in ground - Cables touching Single way ducts - ducts touching

Note: Unarmoured cables are as per IEC 60502 (Part 1)

Installation conditions for above ratings:

Ambient air temperature:30°C

Ground temperature: 15°C, Depth of laying:0.5 m

Soil thermal resistivity: 1.2°C m/W

Maximum conductor operating temperature at rated current is 90°C

For rating factors see Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12

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XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467 & IEC-60502-1

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS



STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS **FOUR CORE CABLES**

UNARMOURED AND ARMOURED, PVC SHEATHED CABLES 600/1000 V Table 25 **Unarmoured Cables Armoured Cables (approximate values)** Nominal Thickness (approximate values)

| area of | of insulation | Cable diameter | Cable weight | Cable weight | Diameter under | Armour wire | Cable diameter | Cable weight | Cable weight |
|---------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | overall | Aluminium | Copper | armour | diameter | overall | Aluminium | Copper |
| mm² | mm | mm | kg/km | kg/km | mm | mm | mm | kg/km | kg/km |
| 16* | 0.7 | 20.0 | - | 780 | 18.0 | 1.25 | 23.4 | - | 1320 |
| 25 | 0.9 | 21.0 | 520 | 1160 | 20.0 | 1.6 | 26.1 | 1200 | 1840 |
| 35 | 0.9 | 24.5 | 650 | 1540 | 22.8 | 1.6 | 28.6 | 1420 | 2310 |
| 50 | 1.0 | 26.5 | 900 | 2100 | 25.5 | 1.6 | 32.0 | 1770 | 2970 |
| 70 | 1.1 | 31.0 | 1210 | 2950 | 29.5 | 2.0 | 37.7 | 2500 | 4240 |
| 95 | 1.1 | 35.2 | 1550 | 3970 | 33.5 | 2.0 | 41.7 | 2980 | 5400 |
| 120 | 1.2 | 39.0 | 1910 | 4960 | 37.5 | 2.5 | 47.1 | 3950 | 7000 |
| 150 | 1.4 | 43.5 | 2410 | 6160 | 41.5 | 2.5 | 51.4 | 4600 | 8350 |
| 185 | 1.6 | 49.0 | 2990 | 7690 | 46.0 | 2.5 | 56.6 | 5430 | 10130 |
| 240 | 1.7 | 54.5 | 3890 | 10070 | 52.5 | 2.5 | 63.0 | 6660 | 12840 |
| 300 | 1.8 | 61.0 | 4730 | 12490 | 57.5 | 2.5 | 68.8 | 7770 | 15530 |
| 400 | 2.0 | 67.5 | 5780 | 15620 | 65.0 | 3.15 | 78.1 | 10380 | 19950 |
| 500** | 2.2 | 74.2 | 7500 | 19900 | 72.6 | 3.15 | 82.0 | 12200 | 24360 |

^{*} Circular conductors, all others are sector shaped.

Note: Unarmoured cables & cables with Stranded Aluminium Conductors conform to IEC 60502 (Part 1)

^{**} Cable as per IEC 60502 (Part 1)

CURRENT RATINGS (AC)

STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS **FOUR CORE CABLES**

| 600/10 | 000 V | | Al | RMOUF | RED PV | C SHE | ATHED | CABLE | S | | Ta | ble 26 | |
|---------|-----------------|--|----|-------|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------|--|
| | Stranded Copp | | | | uctors | | | Stranded | d Alumin | nium Conductors | | | |
| Naminal | Current Ratings | | | | mate voltaç npere per n | • | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | | mate voltaç npere per n | ' · I | |
| Nominal | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | Otranac | и оорр | er Ooriat | 101013 | | Otranded Aldininian | | | | auotois | |
|-----------------|------|--------------|--------|-----------|----------------------------|-----|---------------------|-------------|------|--------|---------------------------|-----|
| Nominal | Cı | urrent Ratin | gs | | mate voltag npere per n | • | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | | nate voltag pere per m | - |
| area of | | In single | | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in | | | Ground | Duct | Air |
| conductor | • | way ducts | in air | | | | - | way ducts | | | | |
| mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 16 | 115 | 94 | 99 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 89 | 72 | 74 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 25 | 150 | 125 | 131 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 115 | 94 | 98 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 35 | 180 | 150 | 162 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 135 | 110 | 120 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 50 | 215 | 175 | 197 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 165 | 135 | 145 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 70 | 265 | 215 | 251 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 200 | 165 | 185 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 95 | 315 | 260 | 304 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 240 | 200 | 224 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| 120 | 360 | 300 | 353 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 275 | 230 | 264 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 150 | 405 | 335 | 406 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 310 | 255 | 305 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 185 | 460 | 380 | 463 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 350 | 295 | 350 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 240 | 530 | 440 | 546 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 410 | 340 | 418 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 300 | 590 | 495 | 628 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 460 | 385 | 488 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 400 | 667 | 570 | 728 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 520 | 443 | 562 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 500 | 720 | 605 | 800 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 561 | 470 | 618 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

600/1000 V **UNARMOURED PVC SHEATHED CABLES** Table 27

| | | Strand | ed Copp | er Cond | uctors | | | Alu | minium | Conduct | tors | |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----|------------------|------------------------|--------|---------|-------------|-----|
| Nominal | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | l | mate voltaç npere per n | • | Cu | rrent Ratin | gs | | mate voltaç | |
| area of conductor | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | | Ground | Duct | Air |
| mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 16 | 120 | 93 | 100 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 89 | 72 | 74 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 25 | 145 | 125 | 127 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 115 | 92 | 97 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 35 | 180 | 145 | 158 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 135 | 110 | 120 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 50 | 215 | 175 | 192 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 165 | 135 | 146 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 70 | 265 | 215 | 246 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 200 | 165 | 187 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 95 | 315 | 255 | 298 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 240 | 195 | 227 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| 120 | 365 | 300 | 346 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 275 | 225 | 263 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 150 | 405 | 330 | 399 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 310 | 255 | 304 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 185 | 465 | 380 | 456 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 350 | 290 | 347 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 240 | 540 | 440 | 538 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 415 | 340 | 409 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 300 | 600 | 500 | 621 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 465 | 385 | 471 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 400 | 675 | 575 | 741 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 523 | 443 | 570 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 500 | | | | | | 0.2 | 565 | 470 | 626 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

Direct in ground - Cables touching Single way ducts - ducts touching

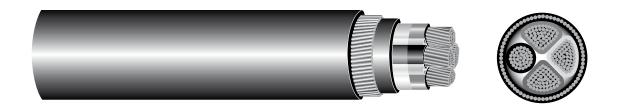
Note: Unarmoured cables are as per IEC 60502 (Part 1)

Installation conditions for above ratings:

Ambient air temperature: 30°C, Ground temperature: 15°C, Depth of laying: 0.5 m, Soil thermal resistivity: 1.2°C m/W Maximum conductor operating temperature at rated current is 90°C For rating factors see Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467 & IEC-60502-1

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS



STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS FOUR CORE CABLES WITH REDUCED NEUTRAL CONDUCTOR

FOUR CORE CABLES WITH REDUCED NEUTRAL CONDUCTOR

600/1000 V UNARMOURED AND ARMOURED, PVC SHEATHED CABLES

| ַטטט/ וע | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Nominal | Nominal | Thickness | | rmoured Ca roximate val | | A | rmoured C | ables (appr | oximate valu | es) |
| area of conductor | area of neutral conductor | of insulation (phase) | Cable diameter overall | Cable weight Aluminium | Cable weight Copper | Diameter under armour | Armour wire diameter | Cable diameter overall | Cable weight Aluminium | Cable weight Copper |
| mm² | mm² | mm | mm | kg/km | kg/km | mm | mm | mm | kg/km | kg/km |
| 25 | 16* | 0.9 | 21.4 | - | 1070 | 19.1 | 1.6 | 26.1 | - | 1750 |
| 35 | 16* | 0.9 | 23.2 | - | 1360 | 22.0 | 1.6 | 27.9 | - | 2130 |
| 50 | 25* | 1.0 | 26.1 | 860 | 1920 | 24.5 | 1.6 | 31.2 | 1710 | 2770 |
| 70 | 35* | 1.1 | 30.4 | 1080 | 2610 | 28.5 | 2.0 | 36.6 | 2340 | 3870 |
| 95 | 50 | 1.1 | 34.8 | 1390 | 3500 | 32.0 | 2.0 | 41.0 | 2800 | 4910 |
| 120 | 70 | 1.2 | 39.4 | 1820 | 4540 | 35.5 | 2.0 | 45.3 | 3340 | 6060 |
| 150 | 70* | 1.4 | 42.5 | 2190 | 5440 | 39.5 | 2.5 | 50.0 | 4360 | 7610 |
| 185 | 95 | 1.6 | 47.7 | 2630 | 6760 | 43.5 | 2.5 | 55.3 | 5020 | 9150 |
| 240 | 120* | 1.7 | 53.4 | 3500 | 8900 | 50.2 | 2.5 | 61.1 | 6220 | 11620 |
| 300 | 150* | 1.8 | 59.0 | 4240 | 11000 | 55.0 | 2.5 | 66.7 | 7220 | 13980 |
| 400 | 185* | 2.0 | 67.0 | 5560 | 13900 | 62.5 | 3.15 | 73.8 | 9950 | 18250 |
| 500** | 240* | 2.2 | 74.0 | 6700 | 17560 | 68.8 | 3.15 | 83.9 | 11200 | 22000 |

^{*} Circular stranded conductors, all others are sector shaped.

Note: Unarmoured cables & cables with Stranded Aluminium Conductors conform to IEC 60502 (Part 1)

Table 28

^{**} Cable as per IEC 60502 (Part 1)

CURRENT RATINGS (AC)

STRANDED COPPER & ALUMINIUM CONDUCTORS FOUR CORE CABLES WITH REDUCED NEUTRAL CONDUCTOR

| 600/1 | 000 V | | | ARI | MOURE | ED PV | C SH | EATHE | D CABL | .ES | | Tak | ole 29 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------|--------|
| | | | Strande | d Coppe | er Condi | uctors | | | Stranded | d Alumin | ium Con | ductors | |
| Nominal area of conductor | Nominal area of neutral | Cur | rent Ratir | ngs | Approxim per amp | ate volta pere per | • | Cu | ırrent Ratin | gs | | nate voltag pere per m | |
| conductor | | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air |
| mm ² | mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | mV | mV |
| 25 | 16* | 150 | 125 | 131 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 115 | 94 | 98 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 35 | 16* | 180 | 150 | 162 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 135 | 110 | 120 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 50 | 25* | 215 | 175 | 197 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 165 | 135 | 145 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 70 | 35* | 265 | 215 | 251 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 200 | 165 | 185 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 95 | 50 | 315 | 260 | 304 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 240 | 200 | 224 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| 120 | 70 | 360 | 300 | 353 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 275 | 230 | 264 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 150 | 70* | 405 | 335 | 406 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 310 | 255 | 305 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 185 | 95 | 460 | 380 | 463 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 350 | 295 | 350 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 240 | 120* | 530 | 440 | 546 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 410 | 340 | 418 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 300 | 150* | 590 | 495 | 628 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 460 | 385 | 488 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 400 | 185* | 667 | 570 | 728 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 520 | 443 | 562 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 500 | 240* | 720 | 605 | 800 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 561 | 470 | 618 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

^{*} Circular conductors, all others are sector shaped.

| 600/ | 1000 V | | | UNA | RMOU | RED F | PVC S | HEATH | IED CAI | BLES | | Tal | ole 30 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|--------|------------|-------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------|--------|
| | | Stra | Stranded Copper Conductors Stranded Aluminia | | | | | | | ium Con | ductors | | |
| Nominal area of Conductor | Nominal area of neutral | Cui | way | | | | | Cı | rrent Ratin | gs | | mate volta npere per r | |
| | conductor | Direct in ground | | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air | Direct in ground | In single way ducts | Installed in air | Ground | Duct | Air |
| mm ² | mm ² | amps | amps | amps | mV | m V | mV | amps | amps | amps | mV | m V | mV |
| 25 | 16* | 145 | 125 | 127 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 115 | 92 | 97 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 35 | 16* | 180 | 145 | 158 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 135 | 110 | 120 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 50 | 25* | 215 | 175 | 192 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 165 | 135 | 146 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 70 | 35* | 265 | 215 | 246 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 200 | 165 | 187 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 95 | 50 | 315 | 255 | 298 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 240 | 195 | 227 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| 120 | 70 | 365 | 300 | 346 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 275 | 225 | 263 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 150 | 70* | 405 | 330 | 399 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 310 | 255 | 304 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 185 | 95 | 465 | 380 | 456 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 350 | 290 | 347 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 240 | 120* | 540 | 440 | 538 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 415 | 340 | 409 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 300 | 150* | 600 | 500 | 621 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 465 | 385 | 471 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 400 | 185* | 675 | 575 | 741 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 523 | 443 | 570 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 500 | 240* | 730 | 610 | 814 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 565 | 470 | 626 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

Direct in ground - Cables touching Single way ducts - ducts touching

* Circular conductors, all others are sector shaped Note: Unarmoured cables are as per IEC 60502 (Part 1)

Installation conditions for above ratings:

Ambient air temperature: 30°C
Ground temperature: 15°C
Depth of laying: 0.5 m
Soil thermal resistivity: 1.2°C m/W

Maximum conductor operating temperature at rated current is 90°C For rating factors see Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12

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XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467

CURRENT RATINGS (AC) AND VOLT DROPS STRANDED COPPER CONDUCTORS

600/1000 V THREE AND FOUR CORE ARMOURED, PVC SHEATHED CABLES Table 31

| 600/100 | | | | | | | | | | | ible 31 |
|-----------------|---------|--------|-----------|------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------|-----------|
| Conductor | Current | | Current | | | Voltage | Current | Conductor | Current | | Current |
| size | in air | drop | in ground | size | in air | drop | in ground | size | in air | drop | in ground |
| mm ² | Α | mV/A/m | Α | mm² | Α | mV/A/m | Α | mm² | Α | mV/A/m | Α |
| | 99 | 2.50 | 115 | | 251 | 0.607 | 265 | | 463 | 0.255 | 460 |
| | 97 | 2.50 | 112 | | 240 | 0.599 | 260 | | 450 | 0.252 | 450 |
| | 93 | 2.47 | 110 | | 230 | 0.589 | 250 | | 430 | 0.249 | 435 |
| | 89 | 2.43 | 105 | | 220 | 0.580 | 245 | | 415 | 0.246 | 420 |
| 16 | 84 | 2.39 | 100 | 70 | 210 | 0.572 | 235 | 185 | 395 | 0.243 | 405 |
| | 80 | 2.35 | 97 | | 195 | 0.562 | 225 | | 370 | 0.240 | 390 |
| | 74 | 2.31 | 94 | | 185 | 0.554 | 215 | | 345 | 0.237 | 375 |
| | 68 | 2.27 | 89 | | 170 | 0.545 | 205 | | 320 | 0.235 | 355 |
| | 62 | 2.23 | 84 | | 150 | 0.536 | 195 | | 290 | 0.232 | 335 |
| | 131 | 1.65 | 150 | | 304 | 0.446 | 315 | | 546 | 0.211 | 530 |
| | 130 | 1.59 | 145 | | 295 | 0.439 | 305 | | 530 | 0.208 | 515 |
| | 125 | 1.56 | 140 | | 290 | 0.433 | 300 | | 510 | 0.206 | 500 |
| | 120 | 1.54 | 135 | | 270 | 0.427 | 290 | | 490 | 0.204 | 485 |
| 25 | 110 | 1.51 | 130 | 95 | 255 | 0.421 | 280 | 240 | 465 | 0.203 | 470 |
| | 105 | 1.49 | 125 | | 240 | 0.415 | 270 | | 440 | 0.200 | 450 |
| | 99 | 1.46 | 120 | | 225 | 0.408 | 255 | | 410 | 0.199 | 430 |
| | 91 | 1.44 | 115 | | 210 | 0.402 | 245 | | 375 | 0.197 | 410 |
| | 82 | 1.41 | 110 | | 190 | 0.396 | 230 | | 340 | 0.195 | 385 |
| | 162 | 1.15 | 180 | | 353 | 0.366 | 360 | | 628 | 0.185 | 590 |
| | 155 | 1.15 | 175 | | 340 | 0.357 | 350 | | 605 | 0.183 | 575 |
| | 150 | 1.13 | 170 | | 325 | 0.352 | 340 | | 580 | 0.181 | 560 |
| | 145 | 1.11 | 165 | | 310 | 0.347 | 330 | | 555 | 0.180 | 540 |
| 35 | 135 | 1.09 | 160 | 120 | 300 | 0.342 | 320 | 300 | 530 | 0.179 | 520 |
| | 130 | 1.08 | 150 | | 280 | 0.337 | 305 | | 500 | 0.177 | 500 |
| | 120 | 1.06 | 145 | | 260 | 0.333 | 295 | | 465 | 0.176 | 480 |
| | 110 | 1.04 | 140 | | 240 | 0.328 | 280 | | 430 | 0.174 | 455 |
| | 100 | 1.02 | 130 | | 215 | 0.323 | 260 | | 390 | 0.174 | 430 |
| | 197 | 0.865 | 215 | | 406 | 0.303 | 405 | | 728 | 0.166 | 667 |
| | 190 | 0.852 | 210 | | 395 | 0.299 | 395 | | 715 | 0.163 | 640 |
| | 180 | 0.839 | 200 | | 375 | 0.295 | 385 | | 685 | 0.162 | 620 |
| | 175 | 0.826 | 195 | | 365 | 0.292 | 370 | | 655 | 0.161 | 600 |
| 50 | 165 | 0.813 | 190 | 150 | 345 | 0.288 | 360 | 400 | 620 | 0.160 | 580 |
| | 155 | 0.800 | 185 | | 325 | 0.284 | 345 | | 585 | 0.159 | 560 |
| | 145 | 0.787 | 175 | | 305 | 0.280 | 330 | | 545 | 0.158 | 535 |
| | 135 | 0.774 | 165 | | 280 | 0.277 | 315 | | 500 | 0.157 | 505 |
| | 120 | 0.761 | 155 | | 250 | 0.273 | 295 | | 450 | 0.156 | 475 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Installation conditions for above ratings:

Ambient temperature: 30°C Ground Temperature: 15°C Soil Thermal resistivity: 1.2°Cm/W

Depth of laying: 0.5 m

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

| 1900/3 | 300 V | | ARM | OURE | PVC S | HEATHI | ED CAB | LES | | Ta | ble 32 | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Strande | ed Coppe | r Conduc | tors - Sin | gle core | cables | Strand | ed Coppe | er Condu | ctors - Th | ree core | cables | | |
| | | Approxima | ate Values | | | | | Approxim | ate Values | ı | | | |
| Nominal area of conductor mm ² | Thickness of insulation mm | Diameter under armour mm | Armour** wire diameter mm | Cable diameter overall mm | Cable weight copper kg/km | Nominal area of conductor mm ² | Thickness of insulation mm | Diameter under armour mm | Armour wire diameter mm | Cable diameter overall mm | Cable weight copper kg/km | | |
| 50 | 2.0 | 15.0 | 1.6* | 20.6 | 810 | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | 2.0 | 16.6 | 1.6* | 22.4 | 1040 | | | | | | | | |
| 95 | 2.0 | 18.4 | 1.6* | 24.3 | 1330 | 35* | 2.0 | 26.5 | 1.6 | 34.8 | 2400 | | |
| 120 | 2.0 | 19.8 | 1.6 | 27.2 | 1680 | 50 | 2.0 | 25.2 | 2.0 | 34.7 | 3200 | | |
| 150 | 2.0 | 21.2 | 1.6 | 28.8 | 1970 | 70 | 2.0 | 28.4 | 2.0 | 38.0 | 3800 | | |
| 185 | 2.0 | 23.0 | 1.6 | 30.8 | 2370 | 95 | 2.0 | 31.0 | 2.0 | 41.4 | 4730 | | |
| 240 | 2.0 | 25.5 | 1.6 | 33.5 | 2960 | 120 | 2.0 | 36.6 | 2.5 | 45.7 | 6070 | | |
| 300 | 2.0 | 27.7 | 1.6 | 36.1 | 3610 | 150 | 2.0 | 38.5 | 2.5 | 48.5 | 7010 | | |
| 400 | 2.0 | 31.0 | 2.0 | 40.5 | 4600 | 185 | 2.0 | 42.5 | 2.5 | 51.9 | 8270 | | |
| 500 | 2.2 | 36.0 | 2.0 | 44.2 | 5680 | 240 | 2.0 | 47.8 | 2.5 | 56.9 | 10310 | | |
| 630 | 2.4 | 40.0 | 2.0 | 48.8 | 7160 | 300 | 2.0 | 51.4 | 2.5 | 61.2 | 12300 | | |
| 800 | 2.6 | 45.8 | 2.5 | 55.4 | 9150 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1000 | 2.8 | 50.8 | 2.5 | 60.6 | 11270 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |

^{*} Circular conductors, all others are sector shaped

CURRENT RATINGS

| 1900/3300 V | ARMOURED PVC SHEATHED CABLES |
|-------------|------------------------------|

Table 33

| Stranded Co | pper Conduc | tors - Single o | core cables | Stranded C | opper Condu | ctors - Three | core cables |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Nominal area of conductor mm² | Direct in ground amps | In single way ducts amps | Installed in air amps | Nominal area of conductor mm² | Direct in ground amps | In single way ducts amps | Installed in air amps |
| 50 | 222 | 219 | 228 | 16 | 114 | 96 | 106 |
| 70 | 271 | 264 | 285 | 25 | 147 | 124 | 142 |
| 95 | 324 | 310 | 350 | 35 | 175 | 147 | 168 |
| 120 | 366 | 342 | 407 | 50 | 207 | 174 | 202 |
| 150 | 409 | 376 | 463 | 70 | 254 | 214 | 255 |
| 185 | 460 | 414 | 528 | 95 | 304 | 257 | 312 |
| 240 | 528 | 464 | 623 | 120 | 345 | 293 | 361 |
| 300 | 589 | 506 | 710 | 150 | 387 | 328 | 410 |
| 400 | 651 | 535 | 808 | 185 | 436 | 371 | 471 |
| 500 | 720 | 579 | 915 | 240 | 502 | 428 | 554 |
| 630 | 789 | 624 | 1030 | 300 | 563 | 480 | 634 |
| 800 | 831 | 650 | 1119 | - | - | - | - |
| 1000 | 880 | 689 | 1214 | - | - | - | - |

Direct in ground - Trefoil touching Single way ducts - ducts touching

Spacing in air - As shown above (D=Cable diameter)

Installation conditions for above ratings:

Ambient air temperature: 30°C
Ground temperature: 15°C
Depth of laying: 0.5 m
Soil thermal resistivity: 1.2°C m/W

Maximum conductor operating temperature at rated current is 90°C

For rating factors see Tables 2 to 6 and 8 to 12 $\,$

^{*}Wire diameters are larger than those specified in BS 5467

^{**}Aluminium wire armour for AC system

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Lead Sheathed Armoured Power Cables to BS 5467 and EEMUA 133

| 600/ | 1000 V | | | | | Table 3 |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | Nominal | | Approximat | e diameter | | |
| | area of conductor | Nominal | Over | Armour | Overall | Approx. weight |
| | 2 | lead sheath | lead | Wire | cable | kg/km |
| | mm² | thickness mm | mm | mm | mm | J |
| | 50* | 1.1 | 13.0 | 1.6 | 20.8 | 1300 |
| | 70* | 1.1 | 15.0 | 1.6 | 22.6 | 1620 |
| L | 95* | 1.1 | 16.8 | 1.6 | 24.5 | 2040 |
| oυ ⊢ | 120* | 1.2 | 18.5 | 1.6 | 26.2 | 2380 |
| Single core | 150 | 1.2 | 20.5 | 1.6 | 28.5 | 2840 |
| <u>د</u> ا | 185 | 1.3 | 22.8 | 1.6 | 30.8 | 3365 |
| ਛੋ⊢ | 240 | 1.4 | 25.5 | 1.6 | 33.5 | 4180 |
| ⊦ `ق | 300 | 1.4 | 28.1 | 1.6 | 36.4 | 5060 |
| ဟ | 400 | 1.6 | 32.3 | 2.0 | 41.8 | 6400 |
| - | 500 | 1.7 | 37.0 | 20 | 46.6 | 8000 |
| - | 630 | 1.8 | 40.8 | 2.0 | 50.8 | 9720 |
| - | 800 | 2.0 | 47.5 52.5 | 2.5 2.5 | 59.2 64.2 | 12700 15400 |
| | 1000 | 2.1 | 52.5 | 2.5 | 04.2 | 15400 |
| | 16 | 1.1 | 15.5 | 1.25 | 21.8 | 1540 |
| | 25 | 1.2 | 18.9 | 1.25 | 25.5 | 2060 |
| | 35* | 1.3 | 21.3 | 1.6 | 29.4 | 2670 |
| စ | 50 | 1.2 | 19.0 | 1.6 | 27.2 | 2640 |
| Two core | 70 | 1.3 | 22.2 | 1.6 | 30.5 | 3400 |
| 0 | 95 | 1.4 | 24.8 | 2.0 | 34.5 | 4530 |
| .ĕ ∟ | 120 | 1.4 | 27.2 | 2.0 | 37.8 | 5170 |
| | 150 | 1.5 | 30.3 | 2.0 | 41.1 | 6120 |
| | 185 | 1.6 | 33.7 | 2.5 | 46.3 | 7710 |
| L | 240 | 1.8 | 38.9 | 2.5 | 51.7 | 9650 |
| | 300 | 1.9 | 42.9 | 2.5 | 56.3 | 11510 |
| | 16 | 1.1 | 16.5 | 1.25 | 23.0 | 1750 |
| | 25 | 1.2 | 20.5 | 1.6 | 28.6 | 2650 |
| | 35 | 1.3 | 23.0 | 1.6 | 31.2 | 3220 |
| a l | 50* | 1.3 | 24.0 | 1.6 | 32.0 | 3630 |
| ŏ | 70 | 1.4 | 26.5 | 1.6 | 35.0 | 4560 |
| Ö | 95 | 1.5 | 30.5 | 2.0 | 40.5 | 6110 |
| ee | 120 | 1.6 | 33.5 | 2.0 | 43.5 | 7300 |
| Three core | 150 | 1.7 | 37.8 | 2.5 | 49.4 | 8980 |
| - | 185 | 1.9 | 42.8 | 2.5 | 54.5 | 10870 |
| | 240 | 2.0 | 48.2 | 2.5 | 60.2 | 13500 |
| | 300 | 2.2 | 52.2 | 2.5 | 65.2 | 16150 |
| | 400 | 2.3 | 57.8 | 2.5 | 71.8 | 19550 |
| | 16 | 1.2 | 18.8 | 1.25 | 25.5 | 2120 |
| 一 | 25* | 1.2 | 20.5 | 1.6 | 28.5 | 2800 |
| 卜 | 35 | 1.3 | 23.2 | 1.6 | 31.3 | 3430 |
| a | 50 | 1.4 | 26.2 | 1.6 | 34.6 | 4260 |
| Four core | 70 | 1.5 | 30.5 | 2.0 | 40.5 | 5850 |
| ŏ | 95 | 1.6 | 34.8 | 2.0 | 44.8 | 7340 |
| בַּ | 120 | 1.7 | 37.8 | 2.5 | 49.8 | 9400 |
| 요 | 150 | 1.9 | 43.2 | 2.5 | 55.0 | 11280 |
| r | 185 | 2.0 | 47.8 | 2.5 | 60.0 | 13600 |
| r | 240 | 2.2 | 53.8 | 2.5 | 66.5 | 17000 |
| r | 300 | 2.3 | 58.5 | 2.5 | 72.5 | 20150 |
| | 400 | 2.5 | 65.9 | 3.15 | 82.6 | 26100 |

^{*} Cable with 1.6mm wire armour, a deviation from BS 5467.

Tolerance on the above dimensions are -0.3mm and +0.5mm.

Cable sizes marked + and higher have sector shaped conductors.

Lead sheath thicknesses are nominal values based on EEMUA 133. For 2 core cables, 50 mm² and above have D-shaped conductors.

XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

LEAD SHEATHED ARMOURED POWER CABLES TO BS 5467 AND EEMUA 133

| 1900 |)/3300 V | | | | | Table 35 |
|-------|-------------------|--|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Nominal | | Approximat | te diameter | | |
| | area of conductor | Nominal lead sheath thickness mm | Over lead mm | Armour Wire mm | Overall cable mm | Approx. weight kg/km |
| | 16 | 1.3 | 22.9 | 1.6 | 31.8 | 2750 |
| | 25 | 1.4 | 26.1 | 1.6 | 34.9 | 3412 |
| | 35 | 1.5 | 28.6 | 1.6 | 37.6 | 4045 |
| | 50* | 1.5 | 29.8 | 2.0 | 40.2 | 4822 |
| core | 70 | 1.5 | 31.1 | 2.0 | 41.7 | 5560 |
| e C | 95 | 1.6 | 32.7 | 2.0 | 43.5 | 6582 |
| Three | 120 | 1.7 | 38.0 | 2.5 | 50.4 | 8440 |
| | 150 | 1.8 | 39.8 | 2.5 | 52.7 | 9540 |
| | 185 | 1.9 | 43.8 | 2.5 | 56.6 | 11272 |
| | 240 | 2.0 | 48.9 | 2.5 | 62.3 | 13819 |
| | 300 | 2.2 | 53.3 | 2.5 | 66.9 | 16456 |

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Cable sizes 50 mm^{2} and higher have sector shaped conductors.



XLPE INSULATED CABLES TO BS 5467

RESISTANCE OF LEAD SHEATH AND ARMOUR

LEAD SHEATHED ARMOURED POWER CABLES TO BS 5467 AND EEMUA 133

| 1900/3300 V | | ximum Re | eietance | (ohme) r | er 1000 | matras of | cable a | t 20°C | | ble 36 |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------|----------|----------|---------|-------------|---------|--------|------|---------|
| Naminal area of | IVIA | XIIIIUIII NE | Sistance | 600/1 | | illeties of | cable a | 1 20 0 | 1900 | /3300 V |
| Nominal area of conductor | Singl | e core | Two | core | Thre | e core | Four | core | | core |
| mm² | Lead | Armour | Lead | Armour | Lead | Armour | Lead | Armour | Lead | Armour |
| 1.5 | = | - | 8.98 | 6.21 | 8.54 | 5.96 | 7.72 | 5.59 | - | - |
| 2.5 | = | - | 7.56 | 5.51 | 7.09 | 5.26 | 6.29 | 4.84 | - | - |
| 4 | = | - | 6.37 | 4.88 | 6.27 | 4.81 | 5.41 | 4.31 | - | - |
| 6 | = | - | 5.85 | 4.59 | 5.40 | 4.31 | 4.91 | 3.02 | - | - |
| 10 | = | - | 4.91 | 4.01 | 4.71 | 2.93 | 4.10 | 2.63 | - | - |
| 16 | 8.14 | 0.62 | 4.29 | 3.10 | 4.11 | 2.64 | 3.31 | 2.36 | 2.42 | 1.37 |
| 25 | 6.63 | 0.54 | 3.21 | 2.64 | 2.96 | 1.58 | 2.93 | 1.57 | 1.97 | 1.22 |
| 35 | 6.01 | 0.50 | 2.60 | 1.69 | 2.41 | 1.42 | 2.38 | 1.41 | 1.68 | 1.13 |
| 50 | 5.24 | 0.47 | 3.19 | 1.88 | 2.37 | 1.40 | 1.96 | 1.27 | 1.61 | 0.84 |
| 70 | 4.56 | 0.42 | 2.52 | 1.64 | 1.95 | 1.27 | 1.59 | 0.87 | 1.54 | 0.81 |
| 95 | 4.07 | 0.39 | 2.10 | 1.14 | 1.60 | 0.87 | 1.30 | 0.77 | 1.37 | 0.77 |
| 120 | 3.30 | 0.35 | 1.89 | 1.04 | 1.32 | 0.78 | 1.11 | 0.57 | 1.10 | 0.54 |
| 150 | 3.03 | 0.32 | 1.58 | 0.95 | 1.13 | 0.58 | 0.88 | 0.51 | 1.00 | 0.52 |
| 185 | 2.48 | 0.29 | 1.33 | 0.69 | 0.89 | 0.52 | 0.75 | 0.47 | 0.86 | 0.48 |
| 240 | 2.03 | 0.26 | 1.02 | 0.61 | 0.76 | 0.47 | 0.61 | 0.42 | 0.73 | 0.43 |
| 300 | 1.86 | 0.24 | 0.87 | 0.55 | 0.62 | 0.42 | 0.53 | 0.38 | 0.61 | 0.40 |
| 400 | 1.41 | 0.17 | - | - | 0.53 | 0.39 | 0.43 | 0.26 | 0.53 | 0.37 |
| 500 | 1.16 | 0.15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 630 | 0.98 | 0.13 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 800 | 0.76 | 0.09 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1000 | 0.65 | 0.08 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Note: Single core cables with Aluminium Wire Armour and Multicore cables with Steel Wire Armour

ADVANTAGES OF XLPE INSULATED CABLES

- Does not soften beyond the normal range of conductor operating temperatures and is called THERMOSETTING insulation.
- 2. Due to greater capacity to withstand heat, the permissible maximum continuous conductor operating temperature is 90°C and for momentary short circuits the permissible temperature is 250°C.
- 3. Higher insulation strength and superior mechanical properties allow lower insulation thickness. The insulation resistance value of the cable does not appreciably change with conductor operating temperature.
- 4. XLPE insulation dissipates heat from conductors much faster as its thermal resistivity is 3.5°C m/W.
- 5. Heat generation in the insulation itself is low due to very low "loss angle".
- Due to the foregoing reasons, an XLPE cable can carry 15% to 30% higher current than a PVC cable with the same conductor size.
- Density of XLPE is 0.92 to 0.94 gm/ml and due to lower insulation thickness, XLPE insulated cables are lighter and easier to install.
- 8. Jointing and terminating of XLPE insulated cables does not require any special techniques.

LSF CABLES

Ducab can manufacture a dedicated cable called LSF (Low Smoke and Fume) for installations where fire and its associated problems - the emission of smoke and toxic fumes - offer a serious potential threat. LSF compound is free from halogens (fluorine, chlorine and bromine) and when tested to BS 6425 Part 1 and IEC 754 Part 1 the acidic gas evolved during combustion is less than 0.5% by weight of material. Furthermore, when tested in accordance with BS 2782 Method 141D, the oxygen index of both bedding and sheath will not be less than 30. These cables comply with BS 6724 and also meet the requirements of IEC 332 Part 3.

LSF Cable:

- · is slow to ignite, burns slowly and gives off reduced smoke and fumes which can kill people
- · does not produce corrosive halogen acid gases which destroy sensitive electronic equipment
- · helps people to escape from a fire helps them to see and to breathe for longer
- · wins time for people to escape and for emergency services to help
- is essential in public buildings, transport or confined areas where larger numbers of people many of them strangers to the surroundings or infirm regularly congregate

Some of the key benefits of LSF cables are as follows:

... to the Public

 much improved safety margins to help them survive a fire situation in enclosed areas or high population, hightech commercial offices in which they might work or visit

... to the Specifier

- · enhanced fire damage protection for both structure and sensitive electronic equipment
- demonstrates proper concern for public and environmental safety

... to the Contractor

- · no loss of versatility
- · can be installed wherever conventional cables would be used and are compatible with standard accessories

WHICH SITUATIONS DEMAND LSF CABLE?

LSF cables should be used in any location where the outbreak of fire would constitute an immediate threat to life and to the performance of sensitive electronic equipment.

LSF cables with their slow burning and no-smoke qualities are most essential in 'high population' public or commercial buildings, enclosed areas such as tunnels or public transport, or places where large numbers of people, perhaps unfamiliar with their surroundings or with limited mobility, congregate - for example:

- places which are densely occupied on a regular basis multi storey dwellings, office blocks, hotels, educational establishments, factories.
- places where large number of people congregate without being familiar with the layout cinemas, theatres, shopping complexes, tunnels, underground and surface passenger terminals and concourses.
- for housing people with limited mobility hospitals, retirement homes.
- places involving high security defence installations, prisons, research establishments, computer centres
- where operating critical processes power stations, nuclear reprocessing petro-chemical installations.

Note: For technical data for LSF cables, please refer to Technical Department.

XLPE CABLE DATA FOR PARTIAL LOADS

For installations where XLPE insulated cables are not fully loaded and conductor operating temperatures are below 90°C.

The current ratings given in relevant tables of this publication assume that cables are fully loaded i.e. conductor operating temperature is 90°C and conductor resistances at this temperature have been used in the tabulated figures of volt drop per ampere per metre for various sizes of cables.

In many situations the conductor size which is ultimately chosen may not be carrying its maximum permissible current (i.e. its full rated current) and consequently it will not be operating at its maximum designed temperature. Table 31 shows the reduced voltage drop / ampere/metre/ data corresponding to reduced operating temperature due to reduced load currents. The first line is applicable to 90°C conductor temperature. Examples are given below to illustrate situations where over-designing can be avoided. "Standard conditions" in the following refer to those obtained in the United Kingdom on which the current rating /voltage drop tables are based. For situations other than "standard conditions" such as those in the Middle East, suitable rating factors can be applied for utilising data in Table 31 as shown in example (3) in the following:

It should also be ensured that the cable size ultimately selected is capable of carrying the required current under site conditions of installation.

Formula
$$Vd = \frac{mV \times I \times L}{1000}$$
 or $mV = \frac{Vd \times 1000}{I \times L}$

where Vd = maximum acceptable volt drop (in volts)

I = current per phase (in amps)

mV = appropriate volt drop (in mV/amp/metre)

L = route length (in metres)

Examples: At standard defined conditions:

1) Consider a route of 120 metres of four core copper XLPE/SWA/PVC to be installed in air (at standard conditions) and to carry 300 amps per phase at 415 volts. Maximum voltage drop to be 2.5 per cent.

2.5 per cent of 415 V = 10.4 V

Substitute for current, route length and maximum volt drop

$$mV = \frac{10.4 \times 1000}{300 \times 120} = 0.289 \text{ mV/A/m}$$

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From Table 31, the first line of figures per conductor size (corresponding to IEE Wiring Regulations) and giving a voltage drop value less than 0.289 is 185 mm². By studying the table to find a voltage drop value equal to, or less than the 0.289 calculated, but at the same time representing the 300 A load required, it will be seen that a voltage drop of 0.280 corresponds to a current of 305 A and a reduced conductor size of 150 mm². Therefore it is possible to select a 150 mm² cable rather than the 185 mm² cable first indicated.

The actual volt drop of this installation is

$$Vd = \frac{300 \times 120 \times 0.280}{1000} = 10.1V$$

2) Consider a route of 130 metres of four core copper XLPE /SWA/PVC cable to be installed partly in air, partly underground, and to carry 260 amps per phase at 380 V. Maximum voltage drop to be 3%. 3% of 380 V = 11.4 V

Substitute for current, route length and maximum volt drop

$$mV = \frac{11.4 \text{ X } 1000}{260 \text{ X } 130} = 0.337 \text{ mV/A/m}$$

Selecting a voltage drop corresponding to the maximum rating the size would be 150 mm² but selecting from Table 31 such that mV/A/m is equal to, or less than the 0.337 calculated and is capable of carrying 260 A (in ground and in air), it will be seen that this value is 0.333 for a 120 mm² cable (instead of 150 mm²).

and the actual voltage drop =
$$\frac{260 \times 130 \times 0.333}{1000}$$
 = 11.3 V

(See Tables 2 to 12 for site conditions other than standard defined conditions)

Examples: At site conditions other than standard defined conditions

3) Consider example (1) but at an ambient temperature of 45°C. Derating factor for this temp. = 0.87 (see Table 12). Using this factor, calculate the 'equivalent current' at standard conditions by dividing the actual current by the derating factor.

Thus 'equivalent current' =
$$\frac{300}{0.87}$$
 = 345 A

and from previous example (1) the mV/A/m figure needs to be 0.289 or less.

Selecting a cable from Max Rating figures as previously - the cable would be 185 mm².

However selecting from Table 31 with a current of 345A and a volt drop of 0.289 (or less), gives a cable size of 150 mm² with a voltage drop value of 0.288 mV/A/m at 345A. (instead of the 185 mm²).

and the actual voltage drop =
$$\frac{300 \times 120 \times 0.288}{1000}$$
 = 10.4 V

INSULATED

COMPONENTS REFERENCE CHART

Ducabconnect

| 600/1000 | V | STRANDED CO | PPER CONDUC | TORS | Ta | ble 37 |
|-------------|---|---|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Sea. | Copper Connectors Lugs | BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- | BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- BT2C- | BT6C- BT6C- BT6C- BT6C- BT6C- BT6C- BT6C- | BT10C- BT10C- BT10C- | BT16C- BT16C- BT16C- |
| | Easypac Resin Joint | PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC | PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJZCC PUJECC PUJZSCC PUJZSCC PUJZSCC | PUJECC | PUJ10CC | PUJ16CC |
| 6 | Aluminium Claw & 2 Bolt Cleat Ref. 370BA | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 | 02 02 03 03 03 04 04 | 04 04 05 | 04 05 06 |
| 0 | Ranger Cleat Ref. 382AA | 01 02 03 03 04 05 | 01 01 03 03 04 | 01 01 01 01 02 01 | 02 02 03 | 03 03 03 |
| | Telcleat Ref. 385AA | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 01 02 03 04 05 05 05 05 | 02 02 03 03 | 04 04 04 | 04 04 05 |
| | BARR-W Explosion Proof Gland Reference | 424AA-52 424AA-52 424AA-53 424AA-53 424AA-55 424AA-56 424AA-56 424AA-56 | 424AA-52 424AA-52 424AA-53 424AA-53 424AA-56 424AA-56 424AA-56 | 424AA-52 424AA-52 424AA-53 424AA-53 424AA-53 424AA-53 | 424AA-53 424AA-55 424AA-55 | 424AA-55 424AA-55 424AA-55 |
| TE GO | EXCEL PLUS Deluge-proof Gland Reference | 493AB-71 493AB-71 493AB-52 493AB-52 493AB-53 493AB-56 493AB-56 493AB-56 | 493AB-52 493AB-52 493AB-52 493AB-53 493AB-55 493AB-56 493AB-56 | 493AB-52 493AB-53 493AB-53 493AB-53 493AB-53 493AB-53 | 493AB-53 493AB-53 493AB-55 | 493AB-55 493AB-55 493AB-55 |
| 1 00 | E1WF E.Exd Gland Kit Reference | KA472-71 KA472-71 KA472-52 KA472-52 KA472-55 KA472-55 KA472-56 KA472-56 | KA472-52 KA472-52 KA472-52 KA472-53 KA472-55 KA472-56 KA472-56 | KA472-52 KA472-53 KA472-53 KA472-52 KA472-53 KA472-53 | KA472-53 KA472-53 KA472-55 | KA472-55 KA472-55 KA472-55 |
| | E1W Outdoor Gland Kit Reference | KA413-71 KA413-71 KA413-52 KA413-52 KA413-55 KA413-55 KA413-55 KA413-55 | KA413-52 KA413-52 KA413-53 KA413-53 KA413-55 KA413-56 KA413-56 | KA413-52 KA413-53 KA413-53 KA413-53 KA413-53 | KA413-53 KA413-53 KA413-55 | KA413-55 KA413-55 KA413-55 |
| | CW Outdoor Gland Kit Reference | CW20SSK CW20SK CW20SK CW20K CW25K CW25K CW25K CW32K CW32K CW32K CW32K | CW20SK CW20SK CW20SK CW20K CW25K CW25K CW25K CW32K | CW20SK CW20SK CW20K CW20K CW20K CW20K | CW20K CW20K CW25K | CW25K CW25K CW25K |
| 100 | BW Indoor Gland Kit Reference | BW20SK BW20SK BW20K BW20K BW25K BW25K BW25K BW32K BW32K BW32K | BW20SK BW20SK BW20K BW20K BW25K BW25K BW25K BW40K | BW20SK BW20SK BW20K BW20K BW20K BW20K BW20K | BW20K BW20K BW25K | BW25K BW25K BW25K |
| | Thread Size mm | 20 20 20 20 20/25 25 25 25/32 32 40 | 20 20 20 20 25 25 32 40 | 50 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S | 20 20/25 25 | 25 25 25 |
| | No. of cores | 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 | 2 3 4 7 72 19 37 | 0 0 4 0 0 A | 2 6 4 | 0 6 4 |
| | Nominal Con. Area mm² | 1.5 | 2.5 | 4 9 | 10 | 16 |

| | : | | BW | CW | E1W | E1WF | EXCEL PLUS | BARR-W | | Ranger | Aluminium | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Nominal | V | Thread | Indoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | E.Exd | Deluge-proof | Explosion | Telcleat | Cleat | Claw & 2 Bolt | Easypac | Copper |
| con. Area mm ² | OI Seres | Size | Gland Kit | Gland Kit | Gland Kit | Gland Kit | Gland | Gland | Ref. | Ref. | Cleat | Resin Joint | Connectors |
| | 200 | | Reference | Reference | Reference | Reference | Reference | Reference | 7 | 382AA | Ref. 370BA | | 283 |
| | 0 | 25 | BW25K | CW25K | KA413-55 | KA472-55 | 493AB-55 | 424AA-55 | 90 | 03 | 90 | | BT25C- |
| 22 | က | 32 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424AA-56 | 02 | 03 | 90 | PUJ25CC | BT25C- |
| | 4 | 35 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424AA-56 | 90 | 04 | 90 | | BT25C- |
| | ٥ | 32 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424A4-56 | 90 | 04 | 90 | | BT35C- |
| 20 | 1 67 | 2 6 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424AA-56 | 8 9 | - 0 | 9 9 | P1113500 | BT35C. |
| S | 0 4 | 32/40 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424AA-57 | 8 9 | 0 0 | 07 | | BT35C- |
| | c | 05/30 | RMOSK | CWORK | K A 113-55 | K A 179-55 | 103AB-55 | 121 A 156 | 20 | 80 | 90 | | BT500. |
| ç | 10 | 20/02 | 700770 | 70000 | 7 449 56 | 27.477 | 99 0 00 | 404 4 4 6 | 5 6 | 3 5 | 9 8 | | 0001 |
| OC. | o 4 | 3 8 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 493AB-56 | 424AA-36 424AA-56 | 8 9 | 0 4 4 | 90 | 200000 | BT50C- |
| | ~ | 32 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424AA-56 | 0.5 | 90 | 90 | | BT70C- |
| 5 | ıď | 8 8 | BW30K | CW30K | K A 413-56 | K A472-56 | 4934B-56 | 424A4-56 | 90 | . 0 | 20 | PILIZOCC | BT70C. |
| 2 | 0 4 | 4 6 | BW40K | CW40K | KA413-57 | KA472-57 | 493AB-57 | 424AA-57 | 07 | 0 0 | 07 | | BT70C- |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 7 | 32 | BW32K | CW32K | KA413-56 | KA472-56 | 493AB-56 | 424AA-56 | 90 | 04 | 90 | | BT95C- |
| 92 | က | 40 | BW40K | CW40K | KA413-57 | KA472-57 | 493AB-57 | 424AA-57 | 07 | 04 | 07 | PUJ95CC | BT95C- |
| | 4 | 20 | BW50K | CW50K | KA413-58 | KA472-58 | 493AB-57 | 424AA-59 | 80 | 90 | 80 | | BT95C- |
| | 2 | 40 | BW40K | CW40K | KA413-57 | KA472-57 | 493AB-57 | 424AA-57 | 20 | 04 | 20 | | BT120C- |
| 120 | က | 40/20 | BW50K | CW50K | KA413-57 | KA472-57 | 493AB-57 | 424AA-59 | 07 | 90 | 80 | PUJ120CC | BT120C- |
| | 4 | 20 | BW50K | CW50K | KA413-58 | KA472-58 | 493AB-59 | 424AA-59 | 80 | 02 | 60 | | BT120C- |
| | 0 | 40 | BW40K | CW40K | KA413-57 | KA472-57 | 493AB-57 | 424AA-57 | 20 | 05 | 80 | | BT150C- |
| 150 | ω 4 | 20 | BW50K BW50K | CW50K | KA413-58 KA413-59 | KA472-58 KA472-59 | 493AB-59 493AB-59 | 424AA-59 424AA-59 | 8 8 | 05 | 60 C | PUJ150CC | BT150C- BT150C- |
| | - | 3 | | | | 20.71.20 | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 2 |
| | 0.0 | 20 | BW50K | CW50K | KA413-58 | KA472-58 | 493AB-59 | 424AA-59 | 80 | 05 | 08 | | BT185C- |
| 185 | ω 4 | 90 93 | BW63K | CW63K | KA413-59 KA413-60 | KA472-59 KA472-60 | 493AB-59 493AB-61 | 424AA-59 424AA-61 | æ · | 00 | 9 Q | PUJI85CC | BT185C- |
| | 2 | 50 | BW50K | CW50K | KA413-59 | KA472-59 | 493AB-59 | 424AA-59 | 80 | 05 | 60 | | BT240C- |
| 240 | က | 63 | BW63K | CW63K | KA413-60 | KA472-60 | 493AB-61 | 424AA-61 | | 90 | 10 | PUJ240CC | BT240C- |
| | 4 | 63 | BW63K | CW63K | KA413-61 | KA472-61 | 493AB-61 | 424AA-61 | | 90 | 7 | | BT240C- |
| | 2 | 50/63 | BW50K | CW50K | KA413-59 | KA472-59 | 493AB-59 | 424AA-61 | | 90 | 9 | | BT300C- |
| 300 | က | 63 | BW63K | CW63K | KA413-61 | KA472-61 | 493AB-61 | 424AA-61 | | 90 | = | PUJ300CC | BT300C- |
| | 4 | 75 | BW75SK | CW75K | KA413-62 | KA472-62 | 493AB-63 | 424AA-63 | | 90 | 12 | | BT300C- |
| | 2 | 63 | BW63K | CW63K | KA413-60 | KA472-60 | 493AB-61 | 424AA-61 | | 90 | = | | BT400C- |
| 400 | ဇ | 63/75 | BW75SK | CW75K | KA413-61 | KA472-62 | 493AB-63 | 424AA-63 | | 90 | 12 | , | BT400C- |
| | 4 | 75/85 | BW85K | CW85K | KA413-63 | KA472-63 | 493AB-63 | 424AA-64 | | 90 | 13 | | BT400C- |

When ordering connectors specify stud hole size required. eg. BT10C8 is a 10mm² connector with a 8mm stud hole. Note: Resin Joint PUJ2CC only has four (4) connectors. For multipair cables additional connectors are required.

Important Note: The dimensions of cables vary with manufacturing tolerances. We advice the cable diameter is measured where possible before purchasing components. The recommendations here are given in good faith but Ducab cannot be held liable for mistakes in selection however caused.



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